Notice to Correspondents. ward by the Express Messengers, from all points where there are Express facilities, letters giving important We make this request with the view of obtaining us through the mails until it has grown old and

ons taken for less than one me

member of the Legislature from Logan promoted to a First Lieutenancy, and on the county. He was arrested at Harrodsburg, on 7th of September, 1850, received his comhis way home or to the Confederate army. mission as a Captain in the Third regiment The Legislature sent a committee to have of United States artillery. In 1856 he was foreseen at that time what course he would take, and as he had been guilty of no overt and in September, 1858, was engaged in the take, and as he had been guilty of no overt and in September, 1858, was engaged in the act, the committee disapproved of his ar- conflict with the savages on the north of tained that Freeman intended to be there rest. His course since has demonstrated Snake river, Washington Territory. On the same day to have his horse shod. He how little faith is to be put in Secessionists. his recent return from California he was got information of our approach in time to He has been the leader of marauding bands, appointed a Brigadier General of volundisarming and robbing Union men in his teers, and in this his first engagement with own county and Todd. He and his gang of the rebels he has distinguished both himself ruffians surrounded a man's house and de- and his command. manded all his arms. The latter offered to give up all the arms he had, but requested heed to his request, but searched and pil house close by, and treat it in like manner. and Bay Point : A gentleman implored them not to go there; that the lady of the house was very sick and nervous, and promised that he would go and get all the arms the man had. Ewing sneered at the proposal; said he was not to be diverted from his purpose by sick, whining women. So the brutes posted off jectiles to the house, rushed into the sick lady's room, in spite of the husband's entreaties, and went through their thieving and rob-

Such is George W. Ewing, quondam member of the Legislature, representing the county of Logan. He was drunk, to be sure; but no matter for that, it is his normal condition. He demonstrated himself enough of a blackguard to be a member of the Confederate Congress, and has been sent to that body of unscrupulous usurpers.

It is very generally conceded that ought to have brought the Trent into port, to be adjudged by a prize court. He was too considerate of the convenience of pasbe required. Then the merits of the case from the true hearted supporters of the will scarcely come into view. What a court Administration. must have done with the Trent, had she been brought into port, may be a matter of adjudication. If our court admitted the Southern Confederacy to have the rights of a belligerent, then the only point would have been, whether anything could be contraband between one neutral port and in the room dinner (?) was served. He each weighing from 140 to 180 cwt; two 120-pounders of 72 inch bore, weighing another. This point, although purely tech. says he will be sworn that it was as follows: nical, is not the less important, for the rights of belligerents must be strictly within the bond to the letter.

We shall see how England behaves in the matter. She has the advantage, and the extreme to which she will use it will show if she is disposed to have a fight. All her sympathies are with the Southern Confederacy; she, of course, wants this country divided, and would be as much disappointed as the Richmond Cabinet if it fail to be. We foresaw this at the start, and the conduct of her press and her Cabinet show it clearly. What she can safely do she will de, to promote a cause she has so much at heart. If this contest continue long it will be impossible to avoid war with England. She anticipates it. Her transportation of troops to Canada, and her expedition to Mexico just at this time, are ominous of her purposes. To yield anything to her to avoid war will be vain; but to insist on a wrong would be discreditable to us now, and exceedingly injurious hereafter.

No nation has insisted so strenuously on the rights of neutrals as the United States, and none has been so jealous of belligerent against our attempt to sustain a doubtful Finnell.

England is well aware that we can find precedents in her practice to favor our case; but she begins by disowning her own au thority in the past, and we can't claim the benefit of them with a good grace, inasmuch as we always protested against them.

counties in the dominion of the Confederate being \$978 83 Dr. J. Welch, of Delaware, robbers left four sons at home when he left te take care of his property, and a mother and sisters. The robbers-about twentysix in number-surrounded his home one night some weeks ago, and demanded to see the young men. They had, however, got a hint, and hid out. The robbers returned the next evening, after watching all night. They repeated their visit the third time The mother and sisters at last persuaded the young men to leave and join the Federal army, as they could afford no protection at home. The sons took the advice, gathered up a number of others in the neighborhood, and put out for Calhoun and joined the TRICT SAYS -The Auburn Advertiser an- grandfather got up and informed the boy's army. We have not heard how the maranders have behaved toward the family. It the holidays, of Hon. T. M. Pomeroy, and is sickening to read the details from the says: dominion of the Confederates. Their chief Our member is more sanguine than ever employment is robbery and plunder, under of the success of the Republic. There will the direction of worthless ruffians stimulated be no war with England; but, tooking by whisky. It is time the army should move and give some protection.

any good reason for it. The peace party in that we interpret correctly in the above this country felt the same way, and were the hopeful and bouyant spirit of our just about as sincere in it as England. | member.

Lately England has become very belligerent, and the peace party here feel very happy at her warlike demonstrations. We are sorry Louis Democrat writes on the 24th as folto see the peace party throwing themselves lows: TERMS OF DAILY DEMOCRAT TO THE away in this manner. They ought to recollect the lectures they have made on peace, and how earnestly they desired it. Can't they get up a meeting here and exhort England to quiet down and not engage in the great wickedness of war?

SKETCH OF GENERAL ORD .- Brigadier General Edward Otho Cresap Ord, who bore an active part in the fight at Drainesville, dence as frequently falls to and entered the academy at West Point, in September, 1835. He graduated in July, 1839, when he was appointed from the Dis-join the army continues. At several points trict of Columbia a Second Lieutenant of negroes were being drilled. At the time This specimen of the genus home was a the Third artillery. In July, 1841, he was

PROJECTILES FIRED AT PORT ROYAL. that they should not search his house. The The ordnance report received by the Navy ruffians, with Ewing at their head, paid no Department from the fleet at Port Royal shows the following to have been the quanfered all over his premises. They then an- tity of powder the projectiles expended in nounced their determination to visit another the capture of the works on Hilton Head

22,980 pounds of cannon powder.

54 10 inch shelts.

701 8 inch shells. 704 32 pound shells.

128 80 pound Dahlgren rifle projectiles. 56 12 pound Dahlgren howitzer pre-

66 30 pound Parrott projectiles.

205 20 pound Parrott projectiles. 2 68 pound solid shot. 75 32 pound solid shot.

CABINET OFFICERS .- The Boston Courier, commenting upon the resolutions of the Kentucky Legislature, requesting the President to remove Secretary Cameron from the Cabinet, says: "Three, besides, of the Cabinet ought to be replaced by better men. The miserable and selfish President seeking, the shocking incompetency of some of under the impression that Gen. Helleck had them, the incorrigible dishonesty of others, their retreat. This news tallies with the deprives the government of the weight and information conveyed in our regular tele-Captain Wilkes acted irregularly in taking influence it might otherwise have, by taking graphic dispatches in to day's paper. Mason and Slidell from the Trent; that he away from it the confidence of the people and discouraging all hope of better things for the country."

THE ABOLITIONISTS IN CONGRESS .- The sengers; he didn't do enough. It may be Washington correspondent of the New York issued prohibiting the export of ammunition thought that the merits of the case should Journal of Commerce writes: Let them alone and other warlike stores has already exercontrol the affair, and not a question of and they will seen hang themselves. I branches of our manufactures. Conspicuous regularity. This irregularity, however, is allude to ultra Abolitionists, and speak among the sufferers are those who have of a grave matter. It will never be allowed politically. They have made no headway, that an officer of a vessel of war shall take thus far, in turning the tide of popularity contraband from a vessel on his own respon- against the President and General McClelsibility, without any adjudication. An lan, and on the floor of Congress they nave united in District and Capital has been em. apology for this irregularity will, of course, already received some pretty telling blows will be very serious. In Liverpool the in-

from Norfolk, says that he visited the

STILL LIVES .- The Glen Falls Messenger says it has lately seen the woman who, three mation prevents them from being sent anyyears ago, created so much discussion in reference to her living without eating. She lies quiet, and has gained in strength, weight and appearance. It is stoutly asserted that she lives without eating.

A new Republican paper is to be established at Chicago, to be called "The Union." It is said it will speak for the conservative portion of the Republican party, which is dissatified with the ultra abor priate change if it should call itself litionism of the Tribune.

The London Times makes the following admission: "The active spirits from every Northern State have flocked to the war. These are far superior, both in bodily strength and mental culture, to the average of European troops."

Kentucky has now 28,970 men in the field, and General Buell has called for mus- tion can be found. The same danger tering officers to assist in organizing regi- menaces the Rideau Canal. rights, and so sensitive under them. All our ments. This statement is made upon the documents on the subject can be brought authority of the Adjutant General, J. W.

> The office of the St. Croix Herald, published at St. Stephen's, Maine, was broken into an the 19th, and destroyed by a mob. The editor's epposition to the Government is said to have been the cause.

The famous Ohio White Sulphur Springs, in Delaware County, have been An old gentleman in one of the sold for non-payment of taxes, the amount was the purchaser.

> It is stated that orders have been issued from Washington not to permit the departure of any American steamer for Europe-perhaps for the purpose of con verting them into armed national vessels.

Among the property destroyed at the Charleston fire, was a large quantity of rebel machinery, for steamboats and ord- had retired to bed with his grandfather, he nance, and 3,000,000 pounds of Sea Island cotton, not insured.

WHAT THE MEMBER FROM SEWARD'S DISnounces the return from Washington, tospend

preservation and maintenance of the Union in its entire length and breadth, the government will pursue one policy, allowing no secondary object to stand between that policy and the fulfillment. When the object is accomplished, and the armies of known that England has up to this time the Union have planted the flag on every belonged to the peace party. She was sorry fort and in every State in the nation, then our beloved Uncle Sam will be happy to consider his foreign relations. We

The War in Missouri. The Rolla correspondent of the St.

A gentleman whose residence has been near Pocahontas, Arkansas, arrived here last week. He reports that when he left home there were three thousand troops at that point, and Gov. Rector has ordered all dezvous at that post.

The price of a few articles were as follows: Salt had been as high as twenty dollars per sack, but owing to a compulsory process the price had been reduced to twelve dollars; coffee retailed at seventy-five cents. was born in Alleghany county, Maryland, Some of these articles had been transported to Price's army, via Houston, Texas

county. The arrest of Union men for refusing to Spring Valley, rumor magnified their number to three thousand; the greatest consternation prevailed, and the Circuit Court in session at Smithville, Arkansas, adjourned

sine die in consequence. 25 miles southwest of Houston, they ascergot information of our approach in time to dispatch a messenger for the horse shoes.

The Ravgers then dropped down to the Rangers then dropped down to the north fork of the White river, and ascertained that Freeman's force had stampeded, each man selecting his own route for burning, and they were traced some distance route, evidently thrown away to relieve

their pockets of unnecessary ballast. From another source we learn that some of Freeman's band made a foray into Webster county, and captured four of the Piketons, Rev. John Cummings, of the Methodist Church, Ephraim Harper, and two of old Billy Brixey's sons, all strong Union men. Jonathan Harper, who reports the above, made his escape from the same party, suffering only the loss of his horse and

The Democrat of the 27th has the following in its news columns:

A Kansas captain who reached this city on Tuesday gives us some late information from the headquarters of the rebel army. He was captured some weeks ago by Sy Gordon's guard, in Platte county, and was taken to Price's camp, on the Osage. He says that on Thursday last a panic prevailvigorous movements of Gen. Pope from Sedalia, and that the order was given to move Southward. On Friday Price's command, which, he says, numbers about 10,000 men, reached Humansville. At that place he was

Injurious Effect of the Prohibitory Proclamation.

The proclamation which has just been late turned their attention to the manufacture of ordnance, in the formation of which, and the machinery requisite for carrying it manufacturing the particular species of Mr. Jenkens, an English gentleman ordnance known as the "Blakeley gun," for who arrived at Fortress Monroe on the 18th, which he had orders from different foreign Governments, and many guns of large cali-Richmond Tobacco Warehouse, and waited ready for delivery. Of these there are upon one of our priseners. While he was three 200-pounder guns of 9 inch bore, about 75 cwt.; and eight or ten 56 pounders, Each man get two table-spoonfuls of boiled besides numerous smaller guns, 40-pounders, rice, two small potatoes, and a cup of of about 80 cwt., just the thing for a merchant ship to be armed with. In addition to all these there are many light field guns all ready for delivery; but the royal proclsin the meantime. This is felt to be rather hard at the present juncture, as the home Government does not patronize the "Blakeley gun," and at the present moment allow other Governments with which we happen to be on friendly terms to have them.

Canadian Excitement-The Toronto Leader.

The Toronto Leader, edited by a southern Secessionist, would make a most approx the coining of stories to excite the alarm and bad blood of the Canadians. For instance it says:

"At Rochester and other places near to the Niagara frontier large squads of men ling with a view to incursions into the frontier districts of the province. It is under-stood that one of the organizations has special reference to a plan for the destruction of the locks of the Welland Canal, so soon as the slightest pretext for an irrup-

Of course there is not an iota of truth in the above statement. We have yet to hear of the first steps towards an organization having in view operations against Canada. A greater contrast was never exhibited than is now shown by the people on each side of the border. The Canadians are all excitement-forming and drilling companies and battalions in every town and county, while the press without exception is vehement in approbation. On this side we view all these manifestations of hostility with composure, and no one seems inclined to borrow trouble about them. This indifference. nowever, is doubtless attributable to the fact that should it become expedient or necessary the people of the States on the northern border can at any time step over and appropriate Canada, and avail them selves of all the munitions of war and defences prepared by the infatuated pro-

of the Atlas and Argus writes:

Emery Lull, aged seventeen years, son of Mr. James Lull, of this town, came to his death last night under the following singular circumstances: Tuesday night, after he complained of being unwell; and, after being questioned, confessed that he had swallowed ten stones, eight leaden builets, and a metal button. After the confession the father of what had been done, who, being something of a doctor, told his son, with tears in his eyes, that the best he could do was to prepare himself for death; for if he had done what he had said, no earthly power could save him. I do not know how large the stones were that he swallowed, but one found in his jacket was as large as a walnut. The reason the boy gave for swallowing the stones was because humbug showman pretended to do at our that the boy did really believe that the lived on stones, as he pretended, and, as he said, thought he could do the same.

The Toronto Leader says a hundred outsand volunteers will be in arms in Canada before the dawn of spring, and that twenty five thousand regulars will be ready to support them.

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The Trent Affair in Europe.

We give up the greater portion of our space to-day to the details of the news by the Edinburg and America, with articles the militia in the northern counties to ren. of much more moment than that of our immediate neighborhood. The correspondence and extracts we condense from the compilations of the New York Times and World.

The Paris correspondent of the New York

I should say that in France people gendesire a fight, or, at least, will not yield one inch of the position they have taken to the assumption that England really desires to weaken the Republic by breaking it up. On the other hand, I should mention that I have just seen a letter from an English genhim released, and effected it. It was not distinguished in several severe conflicts a chase after Freeman, report a splendid the English Government in their present action, who says that the Governm not desire a war, if they can evade it honor. ably. Yet I repeat that the conviction is profound in France that England is bent

In regard to the attitude of the French Press, it may be summed up in one wordhostility. The Moniteur guards the same impertubrable neutrality on the ques-Springfield. The rebel camp fire was still tion which I signalized to you in my last , and they were traced some distance letter. This paper states, however, that new horse shoes scattered on the English law officers place their demand upon the American Government upon ground which will admit of a settlementthat is to say, the complaint is laid more in said that an uneasy feeling prevails, but we the form of the act than in the law. according to the official journal, the English Government admits that the Trent should have been carried in o an American granted that everything is right, and that, port, and judged by a Maritime Court as to whether she was carrying objects contra-band of war or not, then the question is clearly susceptible of adjudication without of doing. The news brought by the present

a resort to arms. Through all the discussions on this subject in the French Press and in society there of this act, in view of the fact that these men would have been harmless in Europe, whereas at home, or now that they have ac quired notoriety, they may serve some pur-pose. Messrs. King, Rost, Yancey and ed in the rebel camp in consequence of the ern Confederacy could not have been adthe case, and the recognition of the Souths vanced one day by the presence of Messrs.

[Our readers will perhaps remember that this is precisely the ground taken by the disoharged on parole, and at once made his Louisville Democrat as soon as the seizure of Capt. Wilkes, and it is probable that, was known in this country.]

The Secessionists are in great glee, for a war between England and the United States was the last card they had to play on this side of the water. They say they hope Mr. Seward will continue his imbecility to the end, and fight John Bull. They ask nothing

A general stampede of Americans will take place within a week, if no news of peace arrives from home. They are collecting here from all parts of Europe for the purpose, and quite an excitement reigns among them. I ought to mention that a Spanish gen-

tleman, who was a passenger on the Trent, and is now in Paris, declares to everybody that the English accounts of the manner of arrest of Messrs. Slidell and Mason are grossly exaggerated. The conduct of Lieut. in every way portion, on the er. Tue gen-

CHANCES FOR WAR. [Correspondence of the Paris Moniteur.]

London, Dec. 2. The report has been current that there existed differences of opinion in the Cabinet on the affair of the Trent. tion has no foundation. The Ministers were perfectly agreed on the tenor of the dispatches to Lord Lyons, which are now the Government in their private conversations express identical sentiments, and testify their firm resolution to obtain the reparation due to England. This serious incihas absolute confidence in Lord Palmerston and Earl Russell for bringing to a close difficulties of this class.

The news arrived to-day from the United States is satisfactory only in one point of view, but that is a principal one. It seems longer doubtful that Captain Wilkes acted without orders, which would leave full latitude to President Lincoln to disavow the act and to set the prisoners free without any sacrifice to the national dignity. But it observes, is considered to be one of the it is affirmed on the other hand that the the James Adger, United States war steamer, Toronto Liar. It hesitates at nothing in which put into Southampton lately to revice tual, had received orders from the Govern ment to search for Messrs. Mason and from the West Indies, and that, in anticipation of such a deed, the British Government took measures for protecting those vessels. but only on the side of the Atlantic where

the James Adger was cruising. Certain persons, whom there is reason to lieve well informed, express the ideathat Mr. Lincoln will refuse to yield to the pop-ular impulse, which has greeted the act of Capt Wilkes with enthusiasm; and that his political prudence will hesitate before a resolution whose first effect would be to transfer the blockade from the ports of the South to those of the North; but this hope does not appear to be partaken by Mr. Adams, the United States Minister in Lon-That diplomatist would seem, it is said, to look on his speedy recall as inevita-Personally, Mr. Adams has been able to conciliate the sympathy of the high Eng lish society; but he is held to have only action, and it is affirmed that he receives his instructions from Washington from week to week He has it in his power, therefore, to influence the pacific solution of the question now in suspense, but in a very

restricted degree. The decision of the Crown lawyers, pro claiming the illegality of the act committed by the San Jacinto, has been received with satisfaction; but it has not modified public opinion. The incident by itself holds secondary place in the estimation of the English people. They see in it only the inevitable conclusion of a policy hostile to England, long since inaugurated by the United States; and the nation shows an imposing unanimity for demanding the abandonment of the system of concession adopted on the other hand by the British Government in its relations with the American Republic. The English deem it that satisfaction should be demanded for the violent seizure of Messrs. Mason and Slidell; but they want beyond everything a change in the diplomatic attitude wish that the national flag should be held higher and more firmly in the face of the Stars of America. It is proper to repeat that on this point there are not two opinions in the country.

[From the Liverpool Post.] WAR WITH THE UNITED STATES IMPROBABLE. The chances are against the probability of a war between Eugland and North America. On Tuesday we stated, on authority that excluded doubt, that in diplomatic would be made to Louis Napoleon, and yesterday the telegram confirmed our statement. The Emperor of the French has already offered his services as mediator, and they are pretty sure to be accepted. The matter in dispute is a legal question. Ministers them-

mitted it to the law advisers of the Crown. The Attorney and Solicitor Generals are not infallible; they may be wrong, and it does net become the greatness and majesty of England to involve the world in war on a will not join England in a war against America. We will not infer that he would

PROSPECT OF A PEACEFUL SOLUTION.

As to the general course of events, The Paris correspondent of the New York
Times, writing on the 3d of December, has
the following:

The Paris correspondent of the New York
the present hour of suspense any ordinary
news from America must seem flat and
uninteresting. We feel that we are divided by a great gulf from the time before the erally are firmly convinced that the English outrage on the Trent. The events of the war which excited our curiosity a fortnight ago now lose much of their interest, since evade a fight; and they base their belief on we know that their import is now subordinate to a larger issue. While the two parties are carrying on their usual desul-tory warfare—this side bombarding a Confederate seaport, that side burning a Federal town—we know that a message is on its way from England to America, the reception of which may change the civil war into a great and world wild struggle. Nothing can interest us now unless it relates to the one question, will Messrs Mason and Slidell be given up? Everything that bears on this will be greedily read by the British public; everything that tends to show the temper of the Américans, or to give a clue to the intentions of their Government, will be minutely investigated and discussed. Unhappily, the telegrams we publish to-day give little information on this point. So far as we are able to judge from them, the Americans seem to be unconscious of the momentous controversy which they have raised. It is cannot but think that, being so accustemed to find the British give way in similar cases, they will in a few days have taken it for quiesce, not only in what they have done, but in what they announce their intention mail is also the less important, masmuch as the burning of the Harvey Birch and the admission of the Nashville to refit at Southis one unanimous cry against the uselessness ampton had not yet reached the States. Although everything we have done in this case is strictly legal, and, indeed, could not have been refused without a manifest breach of neutrality, yet the theory of the North that its enemies are rebels, and that pose. Messrs King, Rost, Yancey and North that its enemies are redeis, and that Mann had exhausted all the arguments in we have no right to aid and abet them, will probably cause a fresh outburst of anger

It is, perhaps, net in the interest of a peaceful solution that the Federal Congress was to meet on the 2d of the present month, since President Lincoln can hardly avoid giving in his message an opinion on the act under the influence of his Secretary State, he may have committed himself to assertions and promises which will make it very difficult for him to do us justice. We can only hope that when the dispatch of the British Government is received the conviction that England is thoroughly in earnest will induce the President, and the more sober members of the Cabinet, to vield in spite of any pledges they may have given in the hour of fancied security.

TONE OF THE FRENCH JOURNALS.

The event of the day is General Scott's

Paris, December 4.

letter to the Constitutionnel, which, as you will see, produced a favorable effect upon the Bourse. Some of the French journals, however-more especially those which lay their government - betray extraorumary anxiety lest the casus belli between England and the United States should not ripen into THE DRIFT OF ENGLISH FEELING - THE ever more shocked at the idea of a "compromise breaking out between the parties" than the Patrie seems to be at the prospect of a satisfactory answer to England's demand's being given by the United States. It devotes no less than four articles in its number of this evening to making the worst of things and especially to the object of arguing away the conciliatory tendencies of Gen. ott's letter. It remarks, in the first place crossing the Atlantic. All the members of that Gen. Scott does not say positively that the Washington Government gave ne orders to the commanders of the American cruisers. but only that he knew of no such orders at the moment of his leaving. Then the dent is destined, moreover, to give fresh Pa'rie inquires how it is that the news of strength to the Cabinet. Public opinion the arrest of MM. Mason and Slidell should the arrest of MM. Mason and Slidell should have been known in Paris twenty-four hours before the Trent arrived on the European shores, and draws the inference that the in telligence must have been spread by the Scott. It scouts as absurd the supposition that any officer in the United States Navy would have been so devoid of common sense as to have taken such a step as Capt. Wilkes did on his own responsibility. Capt. three or four best officers in the Federal service. He ewed his promotion originally to the patronage of Southern statesmen, and, was, so the Patrie will have it, especially selected by Mr. Lincoln for this particular Slidell on board the Royal Mail steamers service, in order to make the blow more severely felt by the South. Another con-sideration suggested is that Capt. Wilkes, who inhabits the sumptuous mansion well known at Washington, called Wilkes House, near the residence of General McClellan, is man of too large fortune and consideration to have risked his commission and hopes of advancement, by provoking a war with England without orders. Following up, as the French phrase is, "the same order ideas," the Patrie extract from the London correspondence of the Moniteur and prints in italics, this passage: "But this hope" (the hope that Mr Lincoln's prudence will not yield to the popular clamors which hailed the news of MM. Slidell and Mason's cap-ture) "is not shared by Mr. Adams, the United States Minister in London, who, it would seem, regards his recall as inevita-

The Opinion Nationale-which, like the Patrie, gloats over the idea of a war be tween England and the United States, and rejoices with the Siecle in the brilliant idea that such a war cannot but eventuate in the overthrow of the English aristocracy, and the reorganization of British society the direction of Mr. Bright-says, by way

"Authentic documents prove, as we are assured in the most incontrovertible way, that Capt. Wilkes, the commander of the San Jacinto, only acted in pursuance of the most precise orders from the Cabinet of Washington. It is given out as certain that Capt. Wilkes' mission was to take the Southern Envoys wherever they might be found. They were expected to change their boat at St. Thomas, and take places in another English vessel, the La Plata. The commander of the San Jacinto was to act accordingly, that is, to pursue the La Plata

The Opinion Nationale thinks the moment propitious to publish letters from Canada, dvocating the annexation of that Colony Canadian Catholic Clergy for 'uniting with the agents of the English Government in perpetuating the subjugation of the Canadian people."

The Nouvelliste de Rouen asserts that Mr

Slidell's dispatches, which the New York journals pretend were seized on board the Trent, have been safely brought to Paris by his Secretary, Col. Leinot, an American of French origin, and that they were delivered, with the seals unbroken, to M. Thouvenel.

HE AFFAIR OF THE TRENT-RECEPTION OF GEN. SCOTT'S LETTER. f From the London News. Gen. Scott's temperate and manly letter is almost the only authoritative expression of American feeling we have yet had on the

selves gave it that character when they sub. two countries. It is scarcely surprising that volated the law of nations in not taking the such a document should have rather d certed the calculations of those who, under the influence of strongly biased feeling, had virtually decided beforehand the course which the Washington Cabinet would purfrom Erglish and French papers, and correspondence of the New York press. We do so because we consider the foreign news of most of mos organ yesterday betrayed lest the General's letter should contribute in any way towards bringing us nearer to peace, and the nervous alacrity with which it hastened to assure its readers that there was no ground whatever for such a suspicion. This alarm is nevertheless not altogether unfounded. voice of an upright, honorable man like Gen. Scott, who, through a long career, has served his country in the most difficult and responsible posts, will be listened to with respect; and every paragraph of his letter breathes an earnest desire for peace. It is true he writes rather as an enlightened and responsible citizen than as a jurist or politician, and his letter is accordingly more valuable for the broad and calm view it takes of affairs than for any specific opinions expressed on the points of law. But there is no ground for representing that General Scott regards the act which threatens the peace of the two countries as a 'very small affair," or for assuming that because he refers to the legal points in dispute as matters of consideration, he necessarily denies the justice of our claim for reparation. Our outraged honor must be views: satisfied, and no one knows this better than Gen. Scott. But we imagine that the communications between our Government and the Washington Cabinet are conducted according to the usages of civilized nations. To suppose the contrary would be a deep and gratuitous injustics to the responsible advisers of the Crown. But while we require and expect a practical result from the application to the Washing. ington Cabinet which Lord Lyons is instructed to make, we do not imagine that the British Government will arrogate to themselves the right to refuse to listen to what may be urged at ator. Washington on points of law. The law under discussion is a law for both countries, and

> The part of General Scott's letter which refers to the future is too important to be should the latter recognize the South. overlooked. He is perfectly right in intimating that this is the very opportunity for reviewing the Law of Nations as it affects the rights of neutrals. The immediate question with regard to the seizure on board the Trent must, of course, be settled first. But the point of honor once satisfied, the the only obstacle in Europe against French duty of both Governments and both nations is to look forward rather than backward. The past is undoubtedly but too full of violent precedents, overbearing claims, and the assertion of rights which no laws ought to for an Anglo-French alliance, which could recognize and no civilized nations tolerate. not be endangered by war between England In all great naval wars neutrals have not and America. only been sufferers, but they have often suffered to an extent that is utterly unjusti-fiable. The right of search has been wantonly abused, to the injury of neutral shipping and the discouragement of neutral were finally corrected by a complete revision of the law relating to the rights of Eagland to take warlike measures. neutrals. General Scott urges this point with great force. He says, truly enough, that the United States Government has been striving to accomplish this necessary revision for more than fifty years-from the beginning of the century, in fact. The time has surely come, as he suggests, for making some attempt "to establish these rights—the rights of neutrals—on a just, humane, and philosophic basis." And the violent act of Captain Wilkes may in the end be an advantage to both countries, if it issues in a united effort to bring this part of our international code more into harmony with the requirements of civilization, and

in receiving the representations of the

the augmented wants of a busy and com-We may or may not be willing to enter into negotiations to place the right of search on a new footing, but it is not the time to talk of such negotiations when we are suffering from a grievous wrong. First, restore the men, and then make your propositions. No doubt Gen. Scott intends by his letter to hold out an olive-branch to this country. He was not prepared, nor was Wilkes' act has roused in England. accept his good intention; we have certainly quarrel with the North; but the men who, having placed themselves under the protection of our flag, were torn from it, must be forthwith returned.

RESPONSE OF AN ENGLISH MEMBER OF PAR LIAMENT.

To the Editor of the London Star SIR: The opportune publication of Gen Scott's letter in your issue of this evening will, I think, go far to tranquilize the public mind. It is now the fashion to decry and depreciate the American character and institutions, but from some acquaintance therewith I shall be egregiously deceived if a perfectly satisfactory arrangement be not come to with regard to the Trent affair. We who wish to cherish the most triendly relations with a kindred people have told them that they are in the wrong. And we have added that we will preserve the right of asylum inviolate, and that the common sense of England rejects with abhorrence and wholly disavows the justice or legal efficacy of precedents taken from that dismal and disgraceful era when the British people groaded under the old flagitious Tory rule. The Americans will know that we repudiate the brutal acts and atrocious doings of those days, although, as is the case, the Secretary at War in those bad times is now our Prime Minister.

The most suspicious symptom of the pre vailing war fever is that it rages fiercest with those who were content, on the requisition of the Emperor Napoleon, to violate the right of asylum by rendering the sojourn ble. These are the men who are now overflowing with wrath, and who declare that war is inevitable. The American Government and people are too sagacious to come to blows with us about the Trent affair, because they will be-if they are not already-convinced that they are in the wrong. When America engages in hostili-ties with England, she will take good care to be in the right, and to have the public opinion of Europe in her favor. I pray God I am constrained to think that it is. It is utterly absurd to suppose that the

American Government will not make any reasonable amende and reparation for the act of Captain Wilkes. But I believe this is the last thing that our Government wants. It would prefer that all redress and reparati should be obstinately denied This is no rash assertion, but is the legitimate deduction from acts patent to all. For is it not well known that, for some time past, the Emperor of the French has urged on our Govern expediency of a joint recognition of the Slave Confederation? Let not the people of this country be deceived by thimble-rig politi-cians. The best informed well know that the Trent affair will lead to no conflict with America. The early recognition of the Slave Confederation might and most likely would. To be prepared for this contingency do we owe the mighty preparations and warlike fervor which is now so fiercely fanned by the Pro-Slavery party, sided by the Gov-ernment hacks, greedy jobbers, credulous fools, and, worse than all, by a venal press. I much mistake the temper of the people of these isles, if they do not resent, as a ten-thousand greater insult than the Tren outrage, the sight of their glorious red-cross flag intertwined with the blood-stained, piratical banner of the new-born Slave Confederation. Unless earnest men be un and doing, this great wickedness will perpetrated ere many days be past.
I remain yours, faithfully, AN AN M. P.

A CAUSELESS WAR.

The London Dial, of December 6, speaks The London Dial, of December 6, speaks for years. As the congregation was retired boldly out against England's going to war ing they met near the pulpit, and quite little scene occurred. exciting question now at issue between the on the simple point that Captain Wilkes

NUMBER 138.

Trent as a prize, and says:

"Under any circumstances we could not folly or hypocrisy to talk of Christianity as defining the duty of nations, the nation commits a sin which goes to war to avenge a petty insult. It would be preposterous to maintain that the existence, the prosperity, or any real interest of England is at stake in the present instance. It is beyond doubt that by reference to arbitration could be honorably settled, and we cannot conceive any Christian man affirming that, except in case of necessity, it is lawful for a nation to shed torrents of blood. For success in a war arising out of this quarrel, no Christian minister could pray, no Chris-tian soldier could fight. Every Gardiner, every Havelock, would lay down his sword. Mr. Bright has set a good example to our public men, and we call upon influential nembers of Parliament to step forward and declare that war in such a quarrel would be a disgrace to our country.

In confirmation of the change in tone and sentiment of the French press, read the following dispatches from London-six days later than the extracts above-and remember that at first the entire French press were for the English view, and that on the 6th only two journals had modified their

London, Thursday, Dec. 12. The Journal de Havre, the Semaphore, of Marseilles, and the Gironde, of Bordeaux, advise the French Government to preserve strict neutrality in case of war between The Paris Temps approves of the pro-

posals of the London Daily News, to appeal to the mediation of friendly powers, in accordance with the agreement made at the Paris Conference in 1856, and says that no other power but France can be the madi-

The Paris Press advocates the energetic intervention of France between England each Government, therefore, has an interest and America.

The Opinione Nationale, the organ of the French Liberal Party, says that France should not follow the example of England,

The Moneto, of Turin, warns England against beginning war with America, as France would take advantage of it to interfere in the East. The Austrian papers state that war be-

tween England and America would remove ambition, and that France would begin war against Germany. The Paris Constitutionnel publishes an

article stating there is a strong necessity

Foreign Items.

At a dinner in Berlin, a short time since. attended by seventy or eighty Americans, Mr. Judd, our Minister to Pruseis, expressed nmerce. It is high time that these abuses the opinion that the recent affair respecting the English mail boat would not oblige A Paris letter says: "Mrs. Eustis, the

wife of Mr. Slidell's secretary, has arrived in Paris, accompanied by Colonel Lemat, of Louisiana, who was a passenger on board of the Trent. Mrs. Slidell and her daughters remain for some days longer in London. A Turin correspondent of the Independ. ance states that Mazzini is dangerously ill

in England, and that several of his friends at Genoa and Milan have been summoned to his bedside. The Deputy Saffi, who was his colleague at Rome during the triumvirate of 1849, is said to be among the The Memorial de Lille says: "Two days

resolved to make her escape from the place, but which she could only do by scaling a preparing herself to drop on the other side, depth of eighteen feet, and was already hanging by her hands, when a man, who was passing, rushed forward and attempted to catch her in his arms. The shock to him was, however, so great that he was knocked down and rather severely shaken, and before he had recovered himself the young girl had fled. She has, it is thought, taken refuge with her family."

According to the Trieste Gazette M. Kossuth is seriously ill ; it is said he exhibits alarming consumtive symptons.

The Temps publishes the following extraordinary statement : "Much has been said for the last two days of a drama, of which Faubourg St. Germain was the theatre. Two young ladies were playing during the hours of recreation, when one struck the other in the face and knocked out one of her eyes. Her family were immediately apprised of the accident. The father came to the school, and after seeing his daughter. he asked to see the young lady who had struck her. She came, when he drew a pistol from under his cloak and fired into her face. The unfortunate girl is so dreadfully wounded that if she recover she will be dis figured for life.

PATIENCE, PATIENCE -Our readers may grow weary of the word, but it must b reiterated. In these times we think rapid-We resolve to day to be calm, and tomorrow we forget our resolution in some passing excitement. We reason now, and ire satisfied that it is best to wait in quiet, but some new trial, some pressing anxiety, overturns our reason, and we join the clamor against apparent inaction.

What war that men ever engaged in was fought properly with six months' prepara-tion, after a half century of peace? What contest that nations have undertaken ever spread its fearful lines through fifteen hun dred miles of mountain and forest, by cities and villages, farms and rivers, all along which the opposing hosts swarmed as they

What General ever had the work to do which our Commander in Chief has on hand

which men talk of risking this contest on battles to be fought here and there, without preparation, and likely to be without definite result. It is certainly very faolish for us to imagine that the rebellion is to be ended on the Potomac, or on the coast of South Carolina, by one or more battles. A victory may end it, but that "may" is a doubtful word, with which an able General

has nothing to do.

General McClellan has no right to risk
the future of the American Republic on what "may be" He must, to do his duty, first make sure that victory will be his, before he fights, and then he must be sure that the victory will be such and at such a point as will materially advance the great plan for suppressing the rebellion. We believe he has no thought of any course but that of duty. Political policy nowhere enters his mind or plans. He has nothing to do with the causes of the war, and his business is to bring it to a successful termination. Let men be patient then while he

pursues his own way.

Why cannot men be content to let him at least prepare for work? Six months is little enough, six years would be little enough time in which to accomplish so great a result. And yet, before the work has been fairly commenced, before the soldiers are able to keep step on parade, the cowardly cry is raised by a white-feather party, that York Journal of Commerce, ir.

The hero of Sumpter and his brother, Charles Anderson, who diplayed such heroic conduct in Texas, attended Rev. Dr. Adams Church in New York Sunday, each unaware of the other's presence until the end of the service. They had not seen each other Market and Jefferson.

SUNDAY MORNING...... DECEMBER 29, 1861. Railroad Matters.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS. CAGO RAILROAD. after Tuesday, Dec. 3, passenger Albany as follows: LEAVE NEW ALBANY.

nd St. Louis Express (daily except St. Louis Night Express (daily).... ARRIVE AT NEW ALBANY. JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.

FROM JEFFERSON VILLE. LOUISVILLE AND LEXINGTON R. R. LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE R. R.

Closing and Arrival of the Mails at the Louisville Postoffice. Eastern, Western, and Northern closes at 12:00 M., and jouthern Republic responses to the second response to the second resp

ucky, via L. & N. R. R. (small offices boat to Ginemaal, Onio, closes at 5:00 a. a., and at 5:00 a. M. at 1:00 at night and 1:00 P. M., and Evening Journal, dated Paris, Nov. 29, at 1:06 a. M., and 6:30 P. M. says:

Says: anon R. R. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at #30 P.M.

#3 un routes where the principal mails close at 12:00 at night, the way-mails close at 9:00 e . M.

LOCAL NEWS.

Don't Send us 10-Cent Stamps. We can not use any stamps of a greater denomination than three cents, and we must therefore caution our friends against sending them. It will only subject us to the

necessity of returning them.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS-Saturday, Dec. 28. -Pat Smith, charged with robbing; continned until next Monday.

conduct; delivered over to the Provost Mar-

Wm. Burge, charged with stealing knives, forks, dishes, &c; bail in \$300, to be of good behavior, and keep out of bad company for behavior, and keep out of bad company for behavior. three months; gone up.

Cem'th by Richard Bayon vs. Honnagan and frow; peace warrant continued until

Com'th by Mary Connell vs. Kate Woods and Mary Garrity, assault and battery; warrant continued until Monday.

it, and these two should be hunted up and to be placed in military custody, betook nunished severely. punished severely.

vicious dog bit severely a youth, some 17 years old, named Huber. The lad was lodged for awhite years old, named Huber. The lad was lodged for awhite years old, named Huber. about to put a collar on the dog's neck, to Camp Chase under an efficient guard. when the latter sprang at him, caught him by the right arm, and tore out a strip of flesh, from near the shoulder down to the there will soon be two great battles-one in elbow. The wound was dressed by Doctors Koehler and Caspari, who think the arm The Examiner says: will not need amputation.

The commissioned officers of Capt. ing prevailed generally. Who would not be a soldier ? PERSONAL .- Gen. Carter, in command of

erset, is now in the city. He left Somerset virtual suspension of invasion would be the on the 25th, at which time all was quiet in that vicinity; but the soldiers are impatient carry invasion to their own doors. Such for an advance. The pump near the corner of Eighth

and Lexington streets is in wretched condition. The people of a large section des pend on this pump for water. Let it be put in order at once.

Charles Anderson said, in a speech Monroe. - Ez. in New York, that he thought if he had been in his brother's place in Fort Sumpter, he deeply interested in the nigger, ought to city, will be sold at F. Grauman & Co.'s, would not have been so patient.

hundred and fifty-four army wagons.

The Rev. Robert A. Holland will Church, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S MISSOURI COUSIN. Among the twelve rebel prisoners recently brought in from North Missouri is Mr. Jno.

K Lincoln, of Clinton county. He is a highly respectable, wealthy and influential by a severe fire on Friday of last week. It citizen of that county, about forty years of age, and a cousin of President Lincoln. The prisoner is charged with having permitted the rebels to secrete ammunition his cellar, induced young men to join the rebel army, assisted in the robbery of Liberty Arsenal, and otherwise giving aid and comfort to the enemy. He removed from Kentucky to this State many years ago, and, aside from his rebel proclivities, has ever been an esteemed citizen. He will probably be held as a hostage for the personal security or exchange of Judge Burch.

Louis Democrat. REPORT OF THE INVESTIGATING COMMIT-TEE .- We have received a copy of the report of Van Wyck's Investigating Committee, into the contracts for the army and navy. It makes a volume of 136 pages, including the evidence, and discloses a perfectly appalling amount of rascality.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S OPINION. - The

New York Commercial Advertiser says : We know that within a few hours of the fact of the arrest of Mason and Slidell being made known to the President, he entertained and expressed the opinion that the prisoners

must be given up. It is now said that the Burnside expedition will get away from Annapolis some-time between Christmas and New Year's. Eight transports and three steamers have arrived there, and now await the arrival of the naval part of the expedition.

Brigadier General : General Humphrey Marshall, at the head of 6,500 troops, has arrived at Prestons-burg, and is fortifying the town against any attack. It is reported that Marshall will remain at his present stand-point, and, after throwing up redoubts and placing thereon batteries, will then march toward Maysville and the Ohio river. He expects reinforcements to the number of ten thou-sand men immediately, which will swell his command to nearly seventeen thousand troops. Gen. Buell has ordered Colonel Garfield, of the 22d Kentucky, to take command of the brigade new at George Creek and distributed along Big Sandy river to Louisa, and constituting five full regiments of infantry, a squadron of cavalry, and two batteries of artillery, and move the brigade forward to meet Marshall, with all possible dispatch. Col. Garfield telegraphed yester. day for transportation, supplies, etc., all of which was sent to him last evening He will advance on Sunday or Monday, and, as 5:50 A. M. will advance on Sunday or Monday, and, as 2:00 P. M. his force is nearly equal to Marshall's, the probabilities are favorable for an immediate battle between these two armies. It is declared that Marshall will not retreat, but being in good condition for a fight, will not yield until after a desperate struggle, and a defeat. Stirring news from Eastern

THE SUPPLY OF ARMS FROM EUROPE .d arrives at 5:00 F.M.

thought of Cincinnati, Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and Iboat to Cincinnati, Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M., and Ohio, closes at 9:00 A. M.,

In one most essential element of war we non R. B. closes at 12:00 at night, and arrives at shall soon be relieved. The fact that the stown R. R. closes at 3:00 P. M., and arrives at 9:30 shall soon be relieved. The fact that the South intended war long before we supposed P. M. Shawneetown Stage (tri-weekly) closes at 12:00 at like possible, and arrives at 6:00 P. M. it possible, and prided Northern arsenals, but procured large supplies of arms from Europe, left us to open the camchorsville Stage closes at 8:00 a. M., and arrives at paign at great disadvantage. This disadvantage has both delayed action and exposed vantage has both delayed action and exposed our troops to murderous fire before their equal to any in the world. These arms are

now on their way to America.

Mr. Schuyler, though for a long time embarrassed and thwarted, and all the while encountering rivalries and complications, finally overcame them all, and home rewarded for his efficiency and fidelity by complete success.

and day, in patching up old muskets, and in counterfeiting new ones, in the hope of palming them upon our Government. Euals, and that, of course, with great difficulty. T. W.

FINALE OF THE AFFAIR AT WARSAW, KY .-The Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday gives the most popular entertainment of its kind ever writthe Cincinnati Gazette of yesterday gives tet. The present piece is written up in three acts, introducing fairles, demons, &c; new characters, some Regiment, part of which went to Warsaw new comic features and comic scenes. The whole comto settle the difficultty. of which we have

from the camp at the Fair Grounds, were, a had on board four prisoners from Warsaw, day or two since, guilty of an act which in charge of a guard of twelve men belongshould be noticed by the proper authorities; ing to the Twentieth Ohio, under command of Adjutant Owens. Their names are:

John J. Marshall, son of of the Falstaffian ately evacuated by the "Lincoln hirelings." dier to do; there is no excuse or reason for Mr. Baldwin, in hearing that he was about his house, and vainly sought to escape dis-Vicious Dog —Yesterday morning a very covery by secreting himself between two mattresses. The Secession quartette was

The Richmond Examiner thinks Kentucky, another in Eastern Virginia. This places a paper within the reach of all.

If the South should be beaten on both fields, she could hardly expect for some ERS .- We have now in store, and will be time to get together two armies of any magnitude; and would have to depend al-Geo W. Barth's company gave a diamer to together upon the virtues of a Fabian policy, and a general system of skirmishing against Christmas day, and Col. Boone gave each company a half barrel of beer. Good feel-hand, should gain both battles, the North would not be would not be would be compelled to desist from aggres-1 roe herring, 500 boxes No. 1 smoked sive measures for such length of time as it would require to organize and discipline other new armies. Considering the low state of their exchequer, the period required barrels pearl hominy, 50 casks old hams the brigade of East Tennesseeans, at Som- for this purpose would be so long that a an invasion, though only partially successful, would virtually end the war, especially if it resulted in stampeding the Lincoln Government from Washington.

The Examiner, however, takes comfort in the attitude of England.

The New York Evening Post appeals for old clothes for the slaves at Fotress

The New York Evening Post, being so know something about the aforesaid. It is No. 222 Fourth street, between Main and ARMY WAGONS .- The steamer Madison the universal custom in the South to give arrived yesterday from Cincinnati, hav- all the niggers a suit of new and good cloths o'clock and continue during the day. If ing two barges in tow, containing five ing at the Christmas holidays, even by "cruel masters." Now, for the kind hearted abolitionists to talk about begging "old clo's" for the darkies won't do; the said darkpreach at the Brook street Methodist ies wouldn't have 'em. Send new clothes, Mr. Post, if you send any.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE .- We learn from the Greencastle Press that the town of Bain. originated in what is known as the Darnall building-a large three story frame-which was entirely consumed, together with three or four adjoining buildings. The latter were rather inferior structures, but the former was the principal building in town, of homeopathy to the advertisement of Mr. and was owned by Harvey C. Black. His Scheffel, who has opened a homeopathic loss is estimated at \$2,500. The fire occured about daybreak, and was caused by a de- have no doubt that many of our voluntees

The Canadians propose to bring the negro element into the war. The London Free Press says:

We are glad to see that the colored people at Montreal are moving, and it is likely that in a few days they will complete a strong military organization. The colored company in Halifax is very efficient and one of the best there.

The London Times styles Mr. John Bright the "Devil's Advocate.

Court of Appeals.

FRANKFORT, December 28, 1861. CAUSES DECIDED. Fairburn, Lewis; affirmed

From the Eastern Kentucky Border. A TRAITOR AND FORGER -Eugene Longue The Cincinnati Enquirer of yesterday has the following information in relation to the war in the extreme Eastern border of Kentucky. Lindsey is Colonel of the 221 Kentucky Regiment, though Garfield, as the Enqurier says, may have been appointed to the command of this expedition as acting the command. The St. Louis News says:

Louis News says:

Eugene Longuemare is quite a young man, apparently not over five and twenty years of age. He is of an old and respected family, and until he became overwhelmed by the dark cloud which at present envelopes his name, he stood fair in the community numbering heats of almost and indinity, numbering hosts of sincere and influential friends, and giving promise of a cuted, to be received by the City Engineer, useful and brilliant future. nity, numbering hosts of sincere and influ-

The Paris Temps publishes the following extraordinary statement: "Much of the property owners, has been said for the last two days of a To grade and pave side drama, of which an aristocratic religious boarding school in the Faubourg St. Germain was the theater. Two young ladies were playing during the hours of recreation, when one struck the other in the face and knocked out one of her eyes. Her family were immediately apprised of the accident. The father came to the school, and after seeing his daughter, he asked to see the young lady who struck her. She came, when he drew a pistol from under his cloak and fired into her face. The unfortunate girl is so dreadfully wounded that if she recover she will be disfigured for life."

About a month ago Capt. James Ambrose, a wealthy citizen of St. Clair county, Illinois, opposite St. Louis, disappeared, and it was feared that he had been Kentucky may be expected during the murdered. On Christmas day his body was found buried near a charcoal pit, in the vicinity of the residence of his nephew, James Curry. The deceased had been shot in the abdomen, and his skull was crushed in pieces. Curry was arrested on suspicion of being the murderer. Curry had been living with his uncle, but had of late disagreed with him. On being arrested he confessed that he had killed Mr. Ambrose, but alleged that the deed had been committed in self defense:

A correspondent in yesterday's Journal, writing from Camp Hamilton, near Fortress Monroe, under date of December 20, 1861, states that an attack had been inferior arms became effective. But this made upon our men by armed negroes inequality will soon cease. Mr. George L. Seven hundred of these Africans, he says, Schuyler, the Government agent, has completed his mission. He has obtained from to do bloody execution upon the soldiers of the Union. This is outrageous, and, as the feature in the war. Let these negroes be captured at all hazards, and immediately emancipated and degraded to an equality with the correspondent of the Journal

Ind. Sen. 28th inst. warded for his efficiency and fidelity plete success.

knowledge that our Government degree for poisoning Rhoda M. Williams. need until next Monday.

Geo. P. Sherman, drunk and disorderly and onduct; delivered over to the Provost Mar.

and drunk and disorderly and wits of all who deal in them. This is the first instance in Massachusetts, since the days of the revolution, where a armorers of Europe are at work now, night

AMUSEMENTS.

is, we are glad to see, drawing good houses. It has all the elements of a successful piece-pretty women, beautiful scenery, elegant costume, &c.; while the underplot of the play-the forty thieves-is well known as Outrage.—We learn from good authority already given the particulars:

The steamboat Major Auderson, which we like to see; Mr. Wight infuses new life and spirit pearance as Hasserac; Krone plays the miserly old Cassim, to perfection; the beautiful songs of Miss Naverre are nightly encored; Miss Schenck is pretty and sprightly as Morgiana; Miss Constantine, the Fairy Queen,

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A Word to Newspaper Readers. The Daily Morning Democrat and Evening News supply all the dispatches, local and general news. Those who wish to keep posted with the surring events of the times, should be supplied with both editions. The morning edition costs twenty-five (25) cents for every two weeks, and the evening edition fifteen (15) cents for two weeks.

ESPECIAL NOTICE TO SUTLERS AND DEALreceiving daily, a superior article of Western Reserve, Hamburg, and English dairy cheese, dried beef, beef tongue, extra 1 roe herring, 500 boxes No. 1 smoked and shoulders, clear and ribbed sides (that will be sold very low), 350 sacks No. 1 Pennsylvania buckwheat flour, potatoes, onions, &c., all of which will be sold low CLIFFORD & Co by General Commission Merchant,

dec7dtf 226 West Main street. The finest lot of merinos, delaines, prints, muslins, blankets, ladies' shoes, cloaks, shawls, linens, towels, linen table cloths, woolen table covers, gloves and embroidery ever offered at auction in this Market, to-morrow morning at ten our lady readers wish to save fifty per cent.

in buying their dry goods, let them attend

this sale. BUCKNER COMING .- As Buckner is coming to town, it is time the citizens were preparing to receive him and give him a warm reception. To do this, every citizen should have his kitchen chimney and grates in the best order. I am prepared to do all that kind of work at short notice, and in the very best style. Orders left at T. M. Hicks', on Fifth street, or Wm. Sowders', on Third street, will be promptly attended to. [nov10 Sdtf] John Wallace.

pharmacy at Dr. E. Caspari's office. W who have been accustomed to the homeopath ic practice, will be glad to learn that they ca precure as good medicine in Louisville can be found in Eastern cities.

Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co. will have closing sale for 1861 of a splendid lot boots, shoes and brogans, to-morrow morn ing, (Monday) at 10 o'clock, at their auction rooms. They would call special attention an invoice of 16, 18, 20 and 21 inch grai hunting and cavalry boots, extra qualit with double soles. Retailers would do we to attend this sale.

UNCURRENT MONEY.—All depreciated in store and for sale by de29 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO. moneys received for subscriptions will be moneys received for subscriptions will be taken only at its current rates by the brokers.

CIGARS.—

100 boxes Havana Six Cigars;
50 boxes Harl-Spanis do;
5 cases Gent-Spanis do;
2 cases fine Regalia do;
1 n store and for sale by de29

MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

ais office, Third street, between Market and
Jefferson. Give him your orders. dtf

MADLER-1 CASK SUPERIOR MADDER JUST

Treelved and for sale by

APPLYED. 4.00

720 MAIN STREET, HAS NOW IN STORE his own make. Quality good, and price moderate. no26 d2m signated below are hereby informed that ordinances have been passed by the General Council, approved and published, requiring the grading and paving of the sidewalks in front of their respective lots; and if they fail to have the same properly done within thirty days from the date hereof, the work MANUFACTURER OF will be done under a contract at the expense of lot owners, as provided for in the 3d section of the 7th article of the City Charter; all drains from lots or houses to be

conveyed under the sidewalks in iron WOOLEN pipes, in accordance with the ordinance above Bank Kentucky, KY. Wool taken in Exchange for Goods, or bought for dance with spedifications rugulating side-walk paving, to be repaired at the expense NOTICE.

To grade and pave sidewalks on the north side of Madison street, btween Preston and Jackson streets. Michael Schneider George Shoemaker..... 30
 Mary Brown
 30

 John Henneberger
 30
 L. Howorth R. D. B. Powell .. Bridget Butler..... 60 44 D. J. Bowles

Notice to Owners of Property.

GRADING AND PAVING OF SIDEWALKS.

The owners of lots and parts of lots de

J. M. Delph, Mayor. Mayor's Office, Dec. 16, 1861. d17 d Notice to Pump Contractors. Proposals for bids will be received at my office until Friday, December 27, 1861, 12 o'clock M., for repairing and keeping repair the public pumps in the Eastern and Western Districts, for the space of three years from the 1st of January, 1862 Bids for each district to be made separate, and

the usual security required.
de22 d5 J. M. Delph, Mayor. The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The friends of the family are invited to attend.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE. EXTRACT PRONOUNCED BY of a Letter from a

MIDICAL GENTLEMAN At Madras TO HIS BROTHER At Worcester. May 1851.
"Tell LEE & PER-ONLY GOOD SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most pala-EVERY VARIETY

The above SAUCE is not only the best and most popular condiment known, but the most Economical as a few drops in Soun, Gravy, or with Fish, not and cold Joints Beef Steak, Game, &c., impart an exquisite zest, which unprincipled Sauce manufacturers have in vain endeavored to imitale.

On the Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner or Supper Table a cruet containing "LEE & PERRINS" WORCESTER SHIRK SAUCE" is indispensable

To appreciate the excellent qualities of this delicious preparation is to SHIRK SAUCE" is indispensable

To appreciate the excellent qualities of this delicious
preparation it is only necessary to purchase a small
bottle of the genuine, of a respectable grocer or dealer,
as many Hotel and Restaurant proprietors seldom place
the Pure Sauce before their guests, but substitute a
genuine Bottle filled with a gpurious mixture.

For Sale by Grocers and Fruiterers everywhere.

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS, Union Square and Fourteenth St., New York.
Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States. A Stock always in Store.—Also orders received for lirect shipments from England.

**Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations. **
sep4 decolists

Dangerous Fraud - Caution to the

Public. We invite the aid of all who know the inestimable Complaint, and all the debilitating diseases of the stomach and bowe's, has tempted into the field a host of sharks, who hope to profit by their celebrity. Please see to it, therefore, that the article you buy has a fac simile of the proprietors' signature on the label, and that the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" are blown in the side of the bottle, and stamped on the cap cove

Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally every-

The Editor

Or the Nicholasville (Jessamine county, Ky.) Democrat, in his issue of June 27, says:

"Dr. E. W. Roback's Remedies have been freely used by many in our midst, who unhesitatingly commend them as worthy of all confidence in those diseases for which they are recommended by the skillful Doctor, who deserves praise of the afflicted for the great bless are he has conferred upon society in the discovery of his valuable compounds. These Remedies are for sale at Capt. T. W. Old's drug store, and the afflicted in this locality are directed to his establishment for such supplies as they may need."

E For sale in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER and GOTTSCHALK & CO. See advertisement nanother column. ly6 d&w

Attention, Independent National Guards!

THE MONTHLY BUSINESS MEETING OF THE Company will be held Monday night, th 30th inst., at 7 o'clock. Every active member is requested to be present. By order of the Captain.

der9 d&n1*

J. C. NAUTS, C. C. FOR HIRE.

A NEGRO GIRL ABOUT TWENTY YEARS
of age; a good house servant and nurse. Also,
a NEGRO GIRL, 16 years of age; a good nurse.
Apply to
D. t. COWAN
No. 724 Main street,
bet. Seventh and Eighth. HEADQUARTERS COL. BAYLES' CAV. REGIMENT, Camp Anderson, December 29, 1861. EVERY SOLDIER-PRIVATE, NON-COMMISSION-Ly ed, or commissioned officer—belonging to the above-giment is hereby ordered to report at Camp Ander-on, by 8 o'c ock on Monday morning, December 30th By order of JESSE BAYLES, de29 d1 Col. Com. 4th Regt. Ky. Mt. Vol.

MRS. O'BRIAN'S SEVEN OCtave Piano Forte will be raffled for
on the 7th day of January, 1862,
in the small Hall of the MASONIO
TEMPLE, at 9 o'clock P M. Ticket ho'ders will be
gratuitously entertained with a COTILLON PARTY, to
which ladles will be ticketed for the occasion. Committee of Arrangements.

de29 dtd*-[Journal copy.] REMOVAL.

MILLINERY GOODS MRS. MAYERS HAS REMOVED HER ESTABLISHMENT FROM

We call the attention of the friends No. 302 Fourth Street West side, between Market and Jefferson streets, no door to Martin & Crumbaugh's dry goods store. n26 dtf

bbls Extra Rectified V	Vhisky;
Course Extra Re	
bbls Copper-Distilled	do;
	do;
	do;
ARSHALL HALDE	27 4 CO 210 Main
ARENG A DU HAJINE	CI & O 310 MINE
r.—	
2-pipes Otard, Dupuy	& Co. Brandy:
4-pipes Cogniac	do;
	do;
8-pipes Seignette	do;
ools New York	do;
d for sale by	
d for sale by	do; LL HALBERT & (
d for sale by	
MARSHA	
d for sale by MARSHA	
d for sale by MARSHA casks Port Wine; asks Madeira do:	
MARSHA	
d for sale by MARSHA casks Port Wine; casks Madeira do; casks Muscat do; casks Ginger do;	
MARSHA	LL HALBERT & (
	bbls fine Old Bourbon bbls fine old Rye d for sale by ARSHALL, HALRE! 7.—Ploes Otard, Dupuy 4ploes Cogniac 6. pipes Rochelle 6ploes Seignette

GARDNER & CO.

TOBACCO! R. BURGE,

RICHARDSON.

KENTUCKY JEANS & LINSEYS.

Fulled Cloth. SATINETS KERSEYS, &C.

NFORMATION IS DESIRED OF A BOX, TAKEN No. 75 Fourth st., above Main, & No 497 Main st., above Fourth.

W. B. BELKNAP & CO. WANTED. FOR THE ENSUING YEAR, A COLORED WASH and Iron. Must be a first-class servant. Apply to J. A. M'OLELLAND, bettist, de29 d4 Fifth st., bet. Green and Walnut. L. L. DORSEY. OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, HAS SOME likely Men, Boys, Women and Girls to hire, belonging to Nannie R. Phillips, belonging to Nannie R. Phillips, and has, one hundred acres of good farming de23 dtjanl

BOARDING.

A FAMILY, OR A FEW YOUNG GENTLEMEN CAN be supplied with boarding in a private family. Terms moderate. Apply at No. 716, west side of Firth, between Chestnut and Broadway. HOLIDAY HATS.

OF MOLESKIN, CASSIMERE, AND FELT:
also, CAPS of every grate for Men and Boys.
PRATHER & SMITH,
429 Main street. ATTENTION. CITIZENS!

Another Company of Provost Guards. HAVE BEEN AUTHORIZED TO RAISE A COMof Louisville. Wages same as the regular army.
office on Third street, between Market and Jeff.rson,
in Cooper's Gidding establishment.
de24 dtf

DY ABRAHAM ZIMMERMAN, AS AN Tumpike, about seven miles from the city of Louisville, a white speckled COW, about ten years old, with large horns, had no marks or brands on her: appraised by Crawford Arterburn, a housekeeper of said county, at — dollars.

JOS. CLEMENT, J. P. J. C.

TAKEN UP, ON THE 27TH INST., BY THE UNDERlow 'lav, a sorrel HORSE, white hind feet, white no:e,
and star in the forehead, mane lays on the left side of
the neck. The owner can get the said horse by calling
at the a sove place, proving property and paxing charges
de29 d3*

NOTICE. BY A RECENT AMENDMENT OF THE CHARTER D of the Masonic Temple Company, of Louisvill Ky, the Board of Directors is authorized to allow hole ers of stock in the Masonic Fraternity, of Louisville

form the friends of Homosopathy, that he has estab-led the Homosopathe Pharmacy, and is now prepared to till all Homosopathe Pharmacy, and other varicles used in the Homosopathic practice, and other This Pharmacy is at the office of Dr. E. Caspari, 215 Jefferson's reet, bet, Second and Third. de29

NOTICE TO ARMY OFFICERS. NOTICE TO ARM I OFFICERS.

A YOUNG LAD, NAMED WILLE MAYFILD, LEFT his home on Thank-giving day, and his parents have since then had no information concerning him. It is supposed that he has found his way to some military camp; and officers will render lasting service to his decely distressed relatives, by giving intelligence of his whereabouts. He is but 12 years age, heavy built, large black eyes, peaks quick, and is very attractive and tractable in his disposition. Address, by telegraph or letter.

W. N. MAYFIED, de24 d6

OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER GENERAL, FOR THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, FRANKFORT, Dec. 24, 1861. IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE ABUSES PRACTICED

THE UNDERSIGNED KEEP, AS EVER, AT THEIR Olothing and Furnishing

Goods. They are paying particular attention to Goods in the stutler line, and wish to increase that branch of their unsiness by selling at a mere nominal profit to dealers. An inspection of their extensive and well selected took is particularly requested.

C. LICHTEN & CO.,

At their old stand.

Northwest corner of Fifth and Main.

KENTUCKY HOOP SKIR MANUFACTORY.

To the Ladies of Louisville! HAVING OPENSD A RETAIL DEPARTMENT FOR the sale exclusively of my celebrated HOOP SKIRTS on FOURTH STREET, UNDER THE MASONIC HALL (No. 3), particular attention is directed to our stock, which consists of every variety of the latest styles of SKIRTS, made of the very finest tempered steel, and put together in the most artistic and durable manner. THE PRICES WILL DEFY ALL POSSIBLE COMPETITION. \$3 Old Skirts repaired in the most elegant style AT WHOLESALE the prices will be kept 10 per cent elow New York rates.

oc30 d3meod

M. GORFUNKEL, Agent.

SALE

317 Fourth street,

Louisville, Ky.

\$5,000

Worth of Fancy Silks will be

sold regardless of cost at

S. BARKER & CO.'S, And the trade generally. Also, a large assortment of LADIES' AND MIRSES' KID, GOAT AND CALF

Friday, Dec. 27, 1861. THESE GOODS BEING EOUGHT AT BANKRUPT SALES, WE WILL OFFER TREMENDOUS BAR

GAINS. LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES

20 pieces Fancy Silk at 50c: do at 65c; do at 70c: do at 75c; do do at 85c. S. BARKER & CO.,

317 Fourth st., Louisville, Ky.

TO THE MILITARY.

GENTLEMEN:--- Having Opened Two Military Out-Fiting Establishments, one at No. 497 Main street, next door to National Hotel a done on Fourth street, next door to the same Hotel, I would call your attention to my Stock, which consists of almost every thing a Soldier requires, such as India Rubber Clothing, and Fancy Rubber Goods of all kinds, Swords, Belts, Pistols, Knives, Drums, Fifes, Camp Chests, Beds, Stools, Mattresses, Test Stoves and Cooking Utensils, Gloves, Underwear, Blankets, Hospital Sheeting, Gum Boots, Leggins. Horse Covers, Pouches, Pipes, Haversacks, Canteens, &c., &c., besides a host of other articles. Being prepared to manufacture many articles myself, and constantly receiving large consignments direct from the East, I am able to offer extra inducements, at both WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Officers requiring complete outfits for their Companies, also Sutlers, allowed a lib-H. W. WILKES, Jr.

A. B. SEMPLE & SONS,

ARMY GOODS! ARMY GOODS!

Handled Axes; Handled Picks; Shovels and Spades; Frying Pans
Butcher Knives; Curry Combs; Log, Trace. Fitth, Stretcher,
Breast, Stay. and Coil Chains; Platform and Counter
Scales; Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools;
Farriers' Knives, Hammers, Pincers and
Buttrages

Buttresses. ALSO

Regulation Swords, Belts, Sashes; Colt's Pistols; G. D. and Colt's Caps; Bowie Knives, &c., &c., &c.

SUTLERS' HARDWARE, IN GREAT VARIETY! ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN. (CHARTERED IN 1819.)

.. \$13,060,000 00 ...\$2,080,498 68 JANUARY 1, 1861.

BANK STOCKS In New York, Hartford, Boston, St. Lonis, Philadelph's, and other places.
UNITED STATES STOCK AND STATE STOCKS; N. York, Ohle, Kentucky, Tenn, Missouri, Michigan, Indians
CITY STOCK, Hartford, Rochester, Brooklyn, Jers-y City, New York.
RAILROAD STOCKS; Hartford and New Haven, Boston and Worcester, Conn. Kiver.
MORFORGE BONDS.
REAL ESTATE, Unincumbered. \$2,265,175 32

Claims, anadjusted and not due ..

As Agent of the above well known, long established, and reliable Company, I request the attention of the citiens of Louisville and vicinity to the above statement of its Assets. Without disparagement of other Institutions, than a be confidently asserted that no Company can offer stronger security against the portles of Fire and Inland Navigation, than the ATNA INSURANCE COMPANY.

**OFFICE—No. 416 North side of Main Street, second story of Wholesale Drug Store of Wilson, Pater & Company and Com WM. PRATHER, Agent.

SECOND DOOR ABOVE THIRD, SOUTH SIDE, LOUISVILLE, KY. WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF SUTLERS AND ARMY OFFICERS TO OUR COMPLETE STOCK

231 Main Street.

PRESERVED MEATS, Oysters, Pickled and Spiced Lobsters, Fish, Sardines, Nuts, And every description of Pickles, Butter, Cheese, Tobacco & Cigars

WINES AND LIQUORS. Of all qualities, put up in packages to suit Sutlers and Officers. Those of our friends who would deal with complete Sutlers' Furnishing House, will save money by giving us a call, as we keep every thing needed for the army, in our line.

CUMBERLAND,

ALL KINDS OF CAMP GOODS. No. 229 MAIN ST., BET. SECOND AND THIRD. LOUISVILLE, KY. Officers' Mess Chests and Mattresses,

Army Cots, Four of the Best Patterns Gum and Woolen Army Blankets, India Rubber Coats, Pants and Leggins Camp Desks and Stools.

AND A GREAT VARIETY OF OTHER MILITARY GOODS. WE INVITE PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO OUR OFFICERS' MESS CHEST, BEING THE MOST COM.

The plote thing for the purpose yet invented. It is very strong and compact, and contains all the China, Glass

The and Hardware, and Table Cutlery necessary to set a table for four persons. Please c.i and examine it.

JOHN M. STORES & SOM.

\$75,000 WORTH

URNITURE

AT COST FOR CASH. A S WE INTEND MAKING A CHANGE IN OUR BUSINESS, WE WILL, FROM THIS DATE, OFFER

PRIME COST FOR CASH! Or in Exchange for Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, or Produce, in Quantities to suit Purchasers.

This is one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Furniture in the WEST; and having an experience of years in manufacturing, our reputation for good work is a guarantee as to the qualities and price odered for sale.

Call soon, if you want a large stock to select from, at the old stand, 229 Main street, between Second and Third, and 219 Third street, between Main and Market. JOHN M. STOKES & SON.

FOR OFFICERS

OF THE

ARWIY:

OFFICER'S AMMUNITION BOX!

(Invented, and steps taken to procure a patent, by J. J. Hirshbuhl), containing separate and safe partitions for powder-flass, balls, cape, cartridges, or sundries, screw driver and wrench. This article is very nest and can pe worn on a common regu ation belt, or shoulder-strap, and will prove to be a desirable object for officers.

All goods of superior quality and moderate prices at J. J. HIRSCHBUHL'S Jewelry Store, No. 23 south site of Main, del0

ELECTION NOTICE.

WHEREAS, G. W. EWING, WHO WAS ELECTED at the August election in the year 1861, a repre-

THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY, TO THE SHERIFF OF LOGAN COUNTY, Set:

LOUISVILLE AND FRANKFORT LEXINGTON AND FRANKFORT

RAILROAD. NOTICE.

DY ORDER OF W. A. DUDLEY, QUARTERMASTER OF General of the State of Kentucky, a new form of Certificate of Transportation, adopted by the Nate Military Board, will be used for the transportation of troops. No other form will be received by this Company after the 29th December. 1861

For blanks apply to the undersigned at the Railroad Depot, corner of Brook and Jefferson streets, Louisville, or at Depots in Frankfort and Lexington, or at the principal Stations on the Road.

(BRO T. SPILLMAN. LOW & WHITNEY,

521 Main Street. HAVE ON HAND AND ARE CONSTANTLY RE-SUTLERS.

In every variety, all of which we will sell very low for de3 dtf FOR THE HOLIDAYS! Second Arrival of FANCY FURS!

WE WILL OPEN, AND HAVE READT for our sales this morning, a large and magnitudent stock of LADES, MISSES, and CHILDREN'S FURS, purchased for the holivary, comprising fine, medium, and commagniteent stock of LADIES, and the magniteent stock of LADIES, and CHILDREN'S FURS, purchased for the holisays, comprising floe, medium, and common qualities, with MUFFS and CUFFS to match. Also, Swan's Down and For Triumings, Carriage and Buffaio Robes, all of which we offer at New York prices for cash.

PRATHER & SMITH, 429 Main st., between Fourth and Fifth. WAR! WAR! WAR! On the Cold Weather, and no Retreat.

W HEREAS, G. W. EWING, WHO WAS ELECTED at the August election in the year 1851, a representative for two years, from said county, to the House of Keprasentatives of the General Assembly of Kentucky, has been expelled from said tody.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the authority vested in me by law, and the order of said House, I hereby direct that an election be held in said county, at the several places of voting therein authorized by law, on the drst Monday in February next, for the election of a qualfied person to fill the vacancy or casioned by the expulsion of said G. W. Ewing, and that vou cause polis to teopened in your said county accordingly, and proceed with the same as directed by law, and transmit to the Secretary of State, the name of the person who may be chosen by the qualified voters of said county.

(A. In testimony, whereo', I have hereto set my the same as Speaker of the House of Representatives, this 2sth day of Drember, 1861.

RICH'D A. BÜCKNER, de28 dawid Speaker of the House. HURLEY'S

QUICK YEAST!

NOTICE. OFFICE LOUISVILLE GAS Co., December 24, 1861.

SEWED AND PEGGED BALMORALS, Also, a large stock of BOOTS AND SHOES,

THIS ARTICLE IS PREPARED EXCRESLY FOR family use. It will answer all the purposes of Brewer's Yeast, in making all kinds of Light Bread, Biscuit, Buckwheat Cakes, Rolls, &c
Prepared and sold by dely did in Green st, bet, Sixth and Seventh, n. s.

WE HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR Sale, the best Pittaburg and Pomercy Coal, at the lowest market price. Give us your orders.

CHICKERING & BROTHER.

OFFICE—Corner Market and Preston ats. dc25 dly

dc24 dtd

December 24, 1881.

Prestor Average Preston ats. dc25 dly

dc24 dtd

December 24, 1881.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE LOUIS VILLE GAS

Company are bereby notified that the election to elect six Directors will be held at the office of the Company, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on Monday, Junuary 6, 1881.

dc24 dtd

A LWAYS KEPT ON HAND A LARGE AND SELECT SWORDS AND SABRES, estred etched on blades.

No sword will be sold without having passed through severe trial.

An entirely new and useful article of

(Succe is to Pitkin Brothers), WHOLES LE DEALERS IN SEEDS. A GRICULTUTI IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINES, Trees, Plant Lime, Hydraulic Coment, Plaster, &c., 811 MAIN STREET WISVILLE, KY.

WISVILLE, KY.

Mr. Avery inc a partner in our house, enables to furnish Whyssie Dealers with his Plews at low1v18 d&w

WM. B. WILSON. Successor to G. W. Bashaw.

Grass Seeds!

Garden Seeds, REE-POWERS, THRESHERS, PLOWS of all the improved betterus, GRINDING MILLS, and all idea of FARM IMPLEMENTS. Also, WHITE SAND, MENT, LIME, CALCINE PLASTER, LAND PLAS large assortment of the above articles in store and be sold at low prices at will be sold at low prices at

WM. B. WILSON'S,

self daw No. 222 West Main street, south side.

J. D. BONDURANT, WHOLESALE DEALER IN

SEEDS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. MACHINES, TREES, PLANTS, Hydraulic Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c. AIN STREET, NEAR SIXTH, OPPOSITE THE Exchange Hotel, Louisville, Ky. Personal attention to filling orders for Grain. do21 dtf

TRUST COMPANY. and Scenred S100,000
THIS COMPANY IS NOW
organized and ready to engage
in a general Fire and Marine
Instrance business on liberal e-In Basement of Southern Bank, corner of Main

IE INSURANCE AND

Blullit streets, Louisville, Ky.

ANDREW GRAHAM, President.

B. Aller, J. C. Levi, Ben. F. Avery.

mys dinsly Franklin Insurance Company. OFFICE OF THE FEARELIN INSURANCE COMPANY 67 LOUISVILLE, April 1, 1861, T A MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS, HELD THIS day, to elect a President and twelve Directors to ve the present year, the following gentlemen were

JAMES TRABUE, President. James B. Wilder, Samuel L. Nock, William Terry, Geo. W. Morris, W. Geo. Anderson Joseph P. Torbitt. Secretary.

of merchants and stocktraders is pard to this oid established and successful orner of Main and Bullitt streets, over

N. MILLER F. FABEL & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF AR & PRESSED MOLD CANDLES! SO, OXIDE, OLIVE, GERMAN, PALM AND FAMILY SOAPS, LARD-OIL Etc., No. 145 east third street, between Main and Water, Louisville,

dy new machinery, with the latest im-long experience and practice will en-tas good articles, and sell them at as es as any house in the Wast, plicited and promptly filled at the shor mr31

CENTUCKY MACHINE WORKS.

J. O. CAMPBELL & CO., Working Machines HINISTS' TOOLS.

WANT OF WOOD PLANERS, MOLD-HINES, TENNON MACHINES, &c., id do well to give us a call before going North, as an fit them cut on as good terms and in a fine there's Twere Irons, of the most approverured and for sale.

1y10 dtf Socks.

100 bozen no. 1 country socks, in store

GARDNER & CO.

MEDICAL. GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY CHARTERED

TE LEGISLATURE OF KENTUCKY FOR THE EATMENT OF ALL THE DISEASES OF THE URINABY AND GENITAL ORGANS. MEDICAL REPORT.

JEHED-PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS. EASES, inc all its Stricture, Gleet, Stricture, and Hydrocele, Diseases on the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. WiTHOUT MEROURY! Covered by a valuable treatise of the Ming a valuable treatise of the Ming a valuable with the Ming and the Ming

y is the only institution of the nas been established by a special ould give it a preference ove oubtful character to be found in e a Labaratory attached to ou

rtant to Females!

minations free of charge. Also, 'S REGULATOR PILLS—For Female regularities, &c. Married ladies in cer-ould not use them, as they would cause rice \$1 per box, and may be sent by PREVENTIVE-An invaluable article

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,

IVATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY / Conducted on the European Pian. or the Cure of all Private Diseases THOSE AFFLICTED WITH ANY disease of a private nature, who would escape the imposition of imporant quachs, should not fall to read "Dr. Arms Fravars Maspola Transfer on Saxual Diseases," a new and revised edition of one hundred pages, handsomely illustrated with plates and engravings, representing the gential or both sexes in e state of health und disease, any of the plate and engrave min alwestness, impotence, etc. Price by mail NYS.

oakness, important, so indulging states, and Old Man, who, by indulging states of their passages a debility is r excessive indulgence of their p ed Saminal. Warings or a debility ars, may be restored to their form making immediate application. S.—Dr. dates is agent for M. I. H PREVENTIVE POWDERS of from any cause with following ADAM CAPRAUL'S FEMALE MONTHLY

to who wish to becured at home a brief statement of their case tions as we would ask on a per nreceipt of the list filled out, we have the statement of the case the statement of the statement of the list filled out, we

as particularly adapted to the case observation, to any part of the cotions for use. be held from S.A. N. to § P. M., (en l. I. A. M.) at his office, northeast Market streets, up stairs—private oct—Lonisville, Ky. iness will hereafter be conducted will counsel with Dr. H. G. M. on all die

MISCELLANEOUS.

Greenman & True's DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC BOOKS NEW SHUTTLE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, Frankfort, Ky., Dec. 23, 1:61. SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT this office, until the 1st day of Janrary, 1862, prox., at 3 o'clock, P. M., for carrying and distributing the Public Books and Documents to the several counties in the The Books and Documents to be distributed are, the Report of the Surerintendent of Public Instruction, the Report of the Auditor of Public Accounts, Registra-tion Report; Acts an Journals, and three volumes of Documents accompanying each set of Journal; and other documents necessary by law to be distributed. The State is divided into eight districts, as follows;

MISCELLANEOUS.

DISTRICT NO. 1. Hickman, McCracken, Livingston, Caldwell, Ballard, DISTRICT NO. 2. DISTRICT NO. 3. DISTRICT NO. 4. DISTRICT NO. 5 Cla , Wayne, DISTRICT NO. 6. Oldham, Carroll, Franklin, Grant, Campbell, DISTRICT NO. 7. Woodford, Madison, Breathitt, Powell, Jackson,

DISTRICT NO. 8. Bracken, Bath, Morgan, Lawrence, The proposals must specify the number of each distriet bid for and the price of each separately, or for all the districts in the aggregate; and the contracts will be given to the lowest bidders, upon their executing bond with securities as required by law, within ten days after the spening of the proposals, to perform the service in The proposals must not in the aggregate exceed fif-teen hundred dollars. The proposals must be sealed, and inforsed "Proposals for distributing Public Books," and addressed to the undersigned as Secretary of State, at Frankfort.

NAT. GAITHER, JR., Secretary of State. de25 d6&w1 **COAL OIL AND LAMPS!**

DEODORIZED COAL OIL OF EXTRA QUALITY. DOES NOT CRUST THE wick, or emit any odor in burning. Warranted the best in the market, and as safe as Lard Ol. COAL OIL LAMPS,

With the latest improvement in Burners. These Lamps will give a light equal to six star candles, at a cost of only one-fourth of a pent an hour, Machine Oil. Oil for Machinery, Wagons and Carriages, equal to the TURPENTINE FOR PAINTERS. I have a perfect substitute for turpentine, and war-int it fully equal to turpentine for mixing paints and arnishes, at half the price of turpentine.

Vesper Oil, Warranted the best preparation in use for removing grease or spots from silks, ribbons, and old clothes. All the above articles sold at the lowest rates, wholesale and retail. Every article warranted. no27 dtf No. 219 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky.

HEADQUARTERS U.S. ARMY OFFICERS' CLOTHING DEPOT, Southeast cor. Third and Market sts.,

LOUISVILLE, KY. YOU ARE RESPECTFULLY REQUESTED TO EX-amine our large and varied assortment of

Officers' Outfits. efore laying in your supply. It comprises in Ready ore mying in your supply de Clothing T Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery;
Dress Qoats for Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery;
Dress Papts for do do do;
Overcoats, regulation styles;
Patigue Patits
Net and Flannel Under and Overshirts;
Gauntlets, Glaves, vuspenders an 1 Socks;
Shoulder Strape, Swords, Knots, Ac., &c., &c.
In shert everything necessary to complete an Office

Wardrobe. Officers preferring to have their Uniformade to order by measure, will find a large assortm of piece goods to select from. PURE CANNEL COAL OIL

AT REDUCED RATES. A. G. HODGES.

TREASURER.

No. 408 Main street, 4th door below Fourth street, LCUISVILLE, KY.,

WILL SEIL PURE CANNEL COOL OIL MANUfactured by the Kanawha Cannel Coal Mining and Oil Mapufacturing Company at 50 cents per gallon by the single barrel; 47 do do do by the five barrels; 45 do do do by the ten barrels; And as low at retail as any one in the city is selling the pure Cannel Coal oil.

**This Oil is guaranteed to be pure Cannel Coal Oil, and uot made from, or mixed with carbon or well oil de2l d2w

**R. I. CRAWFORD, Agent.

BARGAINS

EAGLE SHOE STORE. NOR THE TIME TO BUY BOOTS AND SHOES
at your own prices. Just received—
3¹ cases Cavairy G ain Leather Bosts;
50 cases Men's from \$1 50 to \$2 00 per pair;
40 cases Boys' Boots, from \$1 25 to \$1 50;
50 cases Youths' Boots, from \$1 25 to \$1 50;
50 cases Youths' Boots, from \$1 25 to \$1 50;
50 cases Youths' Boots, from \$1 00 to \$1 25;
40 pairs Ladies Lasting Gaiters, from 75 cents to \$1;
200 pairs Mysses' do do do 70 to 85 cents;
Ladies flow Bid Boots, from \$1 00 to \$1 25;
Ladies' Double Sole Boots, from \$1 35 to \$1 50;
Ladies' Shoes, ve y fine, from 75 cents to \$1;
Misses' Shoes, ve y fine, from 75 cents;
Misses' Shoes, from 65 to 75 cents;
Childrens' Shoes, from 20 to 50 cents;
Childrens' Shoes, from 20 to 50 cents

misses sno s, from 50 to 50 cents; Childrens shoes, from 20 to 50 cents; Servants' Shoes, cheap, Agr-Remember the place, 430 Market street, between burth and Fifth, north side, opposite the Western Hotel dell dim GORMAN & NORRIS.

P. MEANS & McCULLUM, del7 Corner of Clay and Broadway. d12* Horse Pails, &c. 50 DOZEN HEAVY, THREE HOOPS, IRON BAIL, flush bottom Horse Pails, the best article in the market; 250 dozen painted Pails; all colors;

50 do do \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do do;
125 do do \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do do;
150 do do \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do do;
150 do do toy do do;
160 do do toy do specifical en existence of the specific de and for sale by Pins, Washboards, &c., just eccelved and for sale by del4 d&w 238 Ma'n st . bet. Third and Fourth. FOR Rent,

EIGHT SMAL DWELLINGS, IN DIFFERENT
parts of the city, at low rents. Two large shops
suitable for carpenters, etc., on Jefferson, west of
Jackson street. Apply on Jefferson street, at No. 226
just apposite the Railroad Depot.
blodtf ALEX GUPTON. NOTICE.

HEREBY WARN ALL PERSONS FROM BUYING or trading for the School Board Cortificates for the month of March, 1861, since the same have ...een lost by ne and payment has been stopped.

A. SLOSS. Dissolution of Copartnership. AMUEL D. TOMPKINS WITHDREW FROM OUR firm on the first day of July last. The business since that date has been continued by the remaining partners.

3 AMES LOW & CO.

HIBBITT & SON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY, FLOUR and Tea Store, No. 233 Market street, between Second and Third, south side, Lonisville, Kv. PURE WHISHY. JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT A FEW BAR-rels of two year-old Bourbon.

OC. L. S. MATTHEWS.

On Consignment. 25 BBLS WOODFORD CJUNTY MAKE;
do do;
The above pure copper-distilled Whisky, 4 and 5 years old for sale low to close, at No. 115 Market st, between First and Second, by del0 dlm

8. S. GLAPER.

DRESSED HOGS. I WILL KEEP ON HAND A SUPPLY OF EXTRA fine DRESSED HOGS for family use. Also, Leaf Lard and Sugar cured Hams. de 13 dim Marshall st., bet. Shelby and Campbell. COFFEE -123 BAGS PRIME KIO COFFEE JUST ceceived and for sale by GARDNER 4 CO GARDNER & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater. RNER OF FOURTH AND GREEN STREETS.

M ONDAY EVENING AND EVERY EVEN'G UNTIL further notic', will be performed the above beautiful Spectacle arranged expressly for the Louisville Theater, and which has been prepared in a style of magnificence heretofore unqualled by any p oduction for the Christmas Holidays presented for the favor of the Louisville public, embracing magnificent Scenery, new, rich, and beautiful Costumes, grand Ballet, Combats, Properties, all regardless of expense. For particulars see small bills.

Private Boxes \$5. Dress Circle and Parquette 80c. Fam'ly Circle 15c. Gallery 10c. Some Dors open at ½ to 7 and Curtain rises at 7½ o'clock. For particulars, see small fills. Masonic Temple,

THE WORLD-RENOWNED CANTATRICE. WHO, stoce her appearance in the United States, has ONE GRAND CONCERT. Thursday Evening, January 2d. 1862. Madame Anna Bishop will be assisted by Mr. Edward,
Seguin, the American Baritone, kleve du Conservatore,
Imperial de Musique, Parls. GUSTAVE DE SPIES, the
eminent Pianist (pupil of Listz).

*** Doors open at 7%; Concert will commence at 8
o'clock. Tickets \$1 00.

*** Do. C. LARUE,
de27 dtd

PUBLIC SALES.

No. 404 MAIN STREET.

BY THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.,

ON THURSDAY, 20 JANUARY, 1862, AT 10 A. M., when will be sold; without reserve 200 Lots Seasonable Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Consisting in part of fine Ginghams, fine Linens, bleached and brown Holland, black Serges, Silks and Italian Cloths, French Twilded Cloths, Flannels, Gauntletts, heavy and medium Cloth Overshits, Cotton Plaids, Umbrellas, English Hosiery, Jaconets, Cambries, Swiss Mulls, Nansooks, Jeans, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Satinets, Gloves, Ribbons, &c., &c.

At 12 M., 100 tots superior Ready Made Clothing, Beaver, Seal-Skin, Flushing and Satinet, Overcoats, black Cloth and Satinet Frock and Business Goats, black and finely Cassimere and Satinet Pants and Vests, LTL

At 20-Clock P. M., 300 cases prime Boots and Shoes, embracing Women's, Misses' and Children's sewed and pegged Palmorais and Lace Boo s, Men's Cavalry, Grain, Kip and Caif Boots, Boys', Youth's and Children's Boots, Shoes and Brogans, &c.

Terms cash—bankable funds.

de29

T. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

CLOSING SALE FOR 1861, AT AUCTION.

C. C. SPENCER.

Of 375,000 Fine Cigars. BY THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.,

ON TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1861. COMMENCING AT 10% O'CLOOK, A. M. WHEN will be sold, without reserve, about 375,000 fine Cigars, of the following well known brands: 31,660 El Turkos Lou, Reg. Havana and Cuba, 1-16 boxes; 17,860 Conchita De Regalla do do do; 22,850 Washington Regalla Pine do do; 16 100 Henry Clay Medi Regalia do do; 46,660 Zouave Superior Medias do do; o Oid 76,

D Pinespple, do
D Peach Brand, do
D American Eagle Regalia,
Wig Wag Loudres,
Oil Fire Fly,
Oil Mocking Bird, do do
Oil Mocking Bird, do do
Coll Bepaniola, do do
Top Fulton, La Rosa, Gres
Wales, Amber Jun Pung

The attention of wholesale dealers is directed to the bove cigars. They will be sold in liberal lots, with privilege of entire lot waen desirable. THOS. ANDERSON & CO., Auctioneers.

CLOSING SALE FOR 1861.

ON MONDAY MORNING NEXT, DECEMBER 30TH we will sell for cash at auction-rooms—Gents', Boys' and Youths' Ecots;
Ladies' Caif and Goat Balmoral Boots;
Woman's heavy Dutch and Grain Boots;
Misses' and Children's Wear—a large variety;
Comprising one of the most desirable and well assorted stocks we have offered this season. We would call special attention to a splendi i line of 16, 18, 20, 21 and 24 Grain Hun ing and Cavalry Posts, it being the first time we have offered these Goods at auctian.

Sale positive and without reserve.

B. G. HENRY & CO.,

de27

BY C. C. SPENCER. ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF THE PERSONAL EF-FECTS OF JAS. OTT, DEC'D, AT AUCTION. FECTS OF JAS. OTT, DEC'D, AT AUCTION.

N SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 4, 1862, I
wil sell, by or ler of Jas. Timmonds, Administrator
of the estate of James H. Ot', deceased, to the highest
bidder, all the personal effects of raid dec'd, at his late
sporting Gall rg, over the Hotel de Raine, situated on
southeast corner of Main and Second streets, in which
will be found a fin- lot of Furniture, and other articles,
in part at follows: mahogany bair-seat Sociables, marbletop Sideboard, Gas-ware, Plated Ware, and Decanters,
in grea variety, costly Sporting Tables, Vases, Oil Paintings, splendid Curtains and Curnices, Gas Chandellers,
Smoking Lounges, Chairs, Bru-s-is Carpets and Rugs,
Hall Carpets and Oilcoths, stoves, &c., atl of the best
quality and latest styles.

Terms at sale.

O. C. SPENCER,
Auctioneer.

STEAMBOATS.

steamer

**F. SAYRE, Clerk, will leave for the above and all inmediate ports on MONDAY. December the 30th, at
velock P. M., positively, from Portland.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

**B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,
No. 50 Fourth street.

REGULAR PACKET, For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson.

REGULAR PACKET. For Madison and Carrollton.

The new and substantial pass

S. MAIL LINE STEAMERS. The Steamers of this swill leave for UNCINNATI

EVERY DAY AT 13 O'CLOCK PRECEDENT
insures the making of the 6 o'clock morning con
by railroad from Cincinnati to the North and

last.
For freight or passage, apply to
JOSEPH UAMPION, Agent.
Office—Mail Line Wharf-boat, foot of Third st. selfs HUGH FERGUSON.

FAMILY FLOUR,
FIFTH ST., ONE DOOR NORTH OF MARKET,
LOUISVILLE, RENTOCKY. DEST BRANDS OF FAMILY FLOUR CONSTANT D ly on hand. Flour delivered to any part of the city fe2t dtf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

The COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm of G. J. HARE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and G. J. Hare is charged with the settlement of the business.

G. J. HARE G. J. HARE will continue the business at the old stand

TELEGRAPHIC.

SECRETARY SEWARD'S LETTER! The Policy of the Government-Law

laid down by Secretary Madison in 1804, under President Jefferson!

the vessel is a total loss. Dispatch from the French Minister!

Letter from Lord Lyons to Secretary Seward!

National Intelligencer on the act of the Administration giving up Mason and Slidell-the old U.S. Doctrine of Neutral and Bellie erent Rights Established Forever!

Cutter Howell Cobb Wrecked!

Fire and Loss of Life! More Bridges Burned by Rebels!

the conclusion of Secretary Seward's letter to Lord Lyons, regarding the Trent affair: wrongful motive, from a rule uncertainly established, and probably either imperfectly understood or entirely unknown by the several parties concerned. For this error the British government has a right to expect the same reparation that we, as an indepen-dent State, should expect from Great Britain or from any other friendly nation in a similar case. I have not been unaware that in examining this question, I have fallen into an argument for what seems to be a
British side of it against my own country;
I am relieved from all embarrassment on that subject. I had hardly fallen into that On Tuesday, Dec. 31st, 1861,

Will be sold by Catalogue, at auctioners. Underwear, clustreles, together with a large lot of rotons. We invite the attention of the trade to this sale. The goods are all of good quality, and will be sold without reserve. Terris—Cash on delivery. Case of B. Kahn & Co., Auctioneers.

Auction Sale

Of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots

Ditish side of a against my own contact, if am relieved from all embarrassment on that subject. I had hardly fallen into that line of argument when I discovered that I was really defending and maintaining, not exclusively British interests, but an old, honored and cherished American cause, not upon British authorities, but upon principles together with a large lot of rotons.

We invite the attention of the trade to this sale. The goods are all of good quality, and will be sold without reserve.

Terris—Cash on delivery.

Gery dg

Auction Branch and the law in the total mass day. The David Tatum got in from Alton, and the control of the sale will never a date of the against my own in the subject. I had hardly fallen into that line of argument when I discovered that I was really defending and maintaining, not exclusively British interests, but an old, honored and cherished American cause, not upon British authorities, but upon principles that constitute a large portion of the United States have developed the resources of a continent, and thus become a a considerable marking the first probably bring down. These principles were laid down for us by James Madishand that the sale will probably bring down. The sam Young for Peoria and there is no obstacle to the distinct that the united that the was really defending and maintaining, not acclusively British interests, but an old, honored and cherished American cause, not the united that the united that the united that the sale and the law in the way of the Carlo from Alton at the usual hour.

The weather has moderated considerable mas day the City of Alton from Paducah, and the tree was no business done on the what on Jefferson, in his instructions to Jas. Monroe, our then minister to England.

Mr. Seward says, after quoting these in-structions, "If I decide this case in favor of my own Government, I must disavow its most cherished principles; release and reverse, and forever abandon, its essential policy. The country cannot afford the sacrifice. If I maintain these principles and adhere to that policy, I must surrender the case. It will be seen, therefore, that this Government could not deny the justice of the claim presented. Some one asked to do to the British Government just what we always insisted all nations ought to do to In coming to my conclusion I have not forgotten that if the safety of this Union required the detention of the prisoners, it would be the right and duty of this Government to detain them; but the effectual check GLASSWARE, SOAP, CANDLES, STARCH, TO-BACCO, CIGARS, LIQUORS AND SUNDRIES; insurrection, as well as the comparative and warning proportions of the existing unimportance of the captured persons themselves, when dispassionately weighed, happily forbid me from resorting to that citizens are in apy case to be un-necessarily surrendered, for any purpose, the start of the houses have finish-It would tell little for our own claim to the character of just and magnanimous people, if we should so far be guided by the law of retaliation as to lift up buried injuries against national consistency and national conscience. Putting beyond me all suggestions of this kind, I prefer to express my satisfaction that, by the adjustment of the present case upon principles confessedly American, and yet, as I trust, virtually satalienated the two countries from each other, and perplexed with fears and apprehensions all other nations.

The four persons in question are now in military custody at Fort Warren, in the State of Massachusetts. They will be cheerfully liberated. Your Lordships will please indicate a time and place for receivthem. I renew the assurance of my very high consideration.

[Signed] WM. H. SEWARD." A dispatch from M. Thouvenal to M. Mercier, French Minister to our Government, is also contained in the correspondence in which M. Thouvenal urges that a neutral flag, from one netural to another neutral port, covers the merchandise it carries, and adopts the principles laid down in the dispatch of Earl Russell, to which Mr. Seward appropriately refers.

The following is from Lord Lyons to Mr. Seward:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27, 1861. To the Hon, Wm. H. Seward, &c -SIR: have this morning received the note which you did me the honor to address to me yesterday in answer to Earl Russell's dispatch, of the important communication which you have made to me. I will, also, without deme, in order that they may again be placed under the protection of the British flag.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28 .- The decision of the President in the Trent affair, as announced and explained in the dispatch of Secretary Seward, has the approval of every member of the Cabniet.

The Intelligencer in an article, apparent-ly semi-official, says, "Whatever may be the disappointment of any at the result to which the administration has come in settling a question which constitutionally devolved upon the Executive of the government, we are sure that all will applaud the firmness and sincerity of the administration." The Intelligencer says, in conclusion: "Whatever may be said by any in the way of ex ception to the extreme terms of the demands made by the British in the case of the Trent, it is at least just to admit that the case has been so adjusted by our government as to subserve, we would hope, the great cause of neutral rights against the aseumptions heretofore asserted by England, but now repudiated by that power, in com-mon with France and the United States. The law of nations, as traditionally inter-preted by our government, has received a new sanction, though at the cost of national sensibilities wakened into disproportionate activity by the temperary vibrations of civil feuds. The latter, let us remember, are but for a day. The law of nations is for CORNING, N. Y., Dec. 28.-This morning

at 3 o'clock a fire broke out in the laundry of the Dickinson House, destroying the laundry and furniture room of J. Malmory. The laundry was detached from the hotel, and was occupied by ten or twelve female servants, who ran into the street, leaving their clothes inside. One of them, Mary Gauley, in attempting to recover her clothes, was burned to death. The total loss amounts to \$400. Insurance not known.

Boston, Dec. 28 -Appleton Oakes Smith, of New York, an alleged accomplice of Skin-ner, who was recently convicted of fitting out the steamer Margauta Scott in New Bedford, for a slaver, was before Judge Sprague, in the United States Court, to-day, charged with such complicity. He plead not guilty and was required to give bail in he sum of \$5,000 to appear in March for

GREENPORT, VA., Dec. 28—The heavy cannonading near Gardner's Bay, which was the subject of a telegram from Stonington, was caused by Gen. James and others testing

Boston, Dec. 28.—The revenue cutter, Howell Cobb from the Lakes via Quebec, for Boston went ashore at Lane's Hole, Cape Ann, last night. The crew were saved but

QUINCY, ILL , Dec. 28 -The bridges over Fabers and North rivers on the Palmyra railroad, were destroyed by fire last night by the rebels. New York, Dec. 28 .- The 90th and 91st

are under orders for Key West, probably for Fort Pickens.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 28 - John C. Lagraude, ex-Chief Justice of Maryland, died this

RIVER MATTERS.

ARRIVALS .- Major Anderson from Cincinnati. Leban from Evansville, with a full load. Madison from Cin-cinnati, with a couple of barges in tow, centaining 554 army wagons. Trio from Carrollton. Masonic Gem and Dove from Kentucky river, and Diligent from Salt river, WASHINGTON, Dec 28 .- The following is with good loads of hay and produce.

DEPARTURES.—Major Anderson for Cincinnati, with

to Lord Lyons, regarding the Trent affair:

"The inadvertency consisted in a departure, by the naval officer, free from any wrongful motive, from a rule uncertainly established, and probably either imperfectly understood or entirely and the control of the army stores. RIVER AND WEATHER -The river was falling again last

vening, with six and a half feet water in the canal by the mark. The weather yesterday was clear and cool, but with indications of a warm spell. FOR CINCINNATI.—The Superior is the regular packet at noon to-day, and the Major Anderson to morrow.

HENDERSON.—The fine steamers Eugene and Big Grey

Eagle will leave to-morrow afterneon at 5 for Henderson The St. Louis Democrat of the 27th has the fol-

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT Saturday Evening, December 28. The market to-day has been exceedingly dull, with very light sales in every department. The news from Europe has had its effect in cutting trade down to a low point. The news, that Mason & Slidell have been given up to England, will no doubt have a good influence, as ceived too late to have any effect on to-day's market. Money matters remain about as last quoted.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Small sales of flour to city trade at \$4 60. Sales of 810 bushels wheat at 75@55... GROOFRISS—Sales of 29 had, vellow sugar at 10%c and advanced to 10%c; 5 bbls crushed at 12%c. 4 bags coffee at 22c. 8 bbls molasses at 46c. HAY—Sales of 150 tons from first hands at \$12 50@12 75. 2 10. Buckwhrat Flour—Small sales at \$2 50 per 100 lbs. While x = Sales of 20 bbls at $13 \frac{1}{2}c$. Tobacco—Sales to-day were only 3 hhds, as follows: it \$5 90; 1 at \$8 65; 1 at \$11 (0).

HOGS. The market is down, only one house in operation, with 500 head killed to-day, making a total to date of defense. Nor am I unaware that American 65,772. We hear of one sale of 300 hogs in the country

> ed for the season; others expect to kill a few more. Louisville Cattle Market.

SATURDAY MORNING, Dec. 28, 1861. The receipts, sales, &c., for the week, ending to-day have been as follows, as obtained by our reporter from

the stock yards: AT SHELBY HOUSE. The receipts and sales of live stock at this yard, durplied with ca'tle during the past week; about 100 head arrived yesterday, and they were nearly all sold to conisfactory to both nations, is a question fully and rightly settled between them, which heretofore, exhausting not only all forms of peaceful discussion, but also the arbitrament of war itself; for more than here to be a peaceful discussion. of war itself; for more than half a century the past week was very small and market dull, price are unchanged,

PRICES. OATTLE—We quote first quality \$3 00@\$3 50; second do and third do \$1 50 to \$2 65 \$8 100 ms.

Hogs—We quote the range at \$2 75 @\$3 25 \$8 100 ms

Total number of cattle in market this week—313 head. Hogs-92. Sheep and lambs—31.

G M YAGER, Proprietor. AT BOURBON HOUSE. Another week has passed without any particular change to notice in the whole live stock market at this house. The stock met with ready sale at fair prices, and a good spirit seemed to prevail among the traders and butchers, so that up to this date there are no stock in

pens on sale, all having been sold as fast as they arived. The receipts of cattle good, and a heavy business has been dorte. The Government purchasers are very large. they buying all the good common offered on the mar ket. Heavy fine cattle have also met [with ready sale and they are in demand. Vissman & Co., Martin & Co. and Rice & Co. have been buying very heavy and shipping to the Eastern market. Yesterday they shipped a large lot of about 170 head, that would average about 1,500 ms per head. Heavy well-fatted shipping cattle are in demand and would bring higher prices than our quotations. The receipts of sheep have been small, but equal to the demand; prices have only been at nominal rates; all sold as fast as they arrived. The receipts of hogs have declined the past week, owing in of Nov. 30, relative to the removal of Mr.

Mason, Mr. Slidell, Mr. McFarland, and great measure to the final closing of the packers, which Mr. Eustis, from the British mail packet will be probably by the incoming week, so that we may Trent. I will, without loss of time, for-ward to her Majesty's Government a copy PRICES.

have made to me. I will, also, without delay, do myself the honor to confer with you, personally, on the engagements to be made for delivering the four gentlemen to

RECEIPTS. Total.... DOWNING & VISSMAN, Proprietors

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Naw York, December 28 P. M.

Cotton quiet and nominal at 34@36c for middling uplands. Flour opened quiet and steady and cloved 8 better: rather more doing—sales 13,500 bbls at \$5.2% 5.40 for superfine western, \$5.60@5 80 for extra western Whisky a shade better; sales 800 bbls at 185,49.99 Wheat opened firm and closed a shade better; the sale include 13,000 bush wintor red western at \$1.56@18. G,500 bush red Kentucky at \$1.52. Rey firm; sales 73,000 bush red Kentucky at \$1.52. Rey firm; sales 73,000 bush opened steady and closed about 1c higher; sales \$500 bush at 53@35c. Control of the sales \$500 bush at 53@35c. Otto 50 bush at 53@35c. Super sales at \$12.25@12.5025 for mess. Dressed hosp firm at 45@5. Lard in good demand at easier prices; sales 1.50 to at 73@35c. Sugar firm; sales 300 hhds Porto Rico at 73@35c. Sugar firm; sales 300 hds Porto Rico at 73@35c. 49 hds Cubs at 53@85c. Molasses quiet; sales 19 hds harbadoes at 35c. NEW YORK, December 28 P. M.

CINCINNATI, December 28, P. M Cincinnair, December 28, P. M.

Flour dull and unchanged; no sales of importance Wheat steady at 80@33 cents for red and 85@35 cents for white. Corn 25 cents. Oats 23%@29 cents. Rye 65 Barley 4 @30 cents. Whiskey at 13 cents and in fail demand. Hogs unchanged and dull; receipts light, an 160 the last twenty-four hours, but packers are holdin back, 43 00@3 15 is the whole range. No change in provisions. Mess port \$9 00@9 12%. Lard dull unde news from New York at 6%@6% were sold of consequence. There is a better demand for bulk slaes English and Irish packers are buyling at 3%@6 cent for bone and 4%@0 cents for clear. Green meats quiet Shoulders at 2@2½ cents. Hams 3@3% cents, sides 35 Groceries buoyant. NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

rie preferred......
ew York Central...
leveland and Toled
alifornia T's.....
orth Carolina 6's...
ennessee 6's..... iois Central scrip ssouri 6,s..... nited States 5's of '74 coupons

Wheat, Wheat, Wheat. WE ARE PAYING RIGHTY-FIVE CENTS FOR pay the above price until changed by our advertisement. We are also paying the highest market price for good RED WHEAT.

AUDIT AND THE PRINCIPLE OF THE PRINCIPLE OF THE PRINCIPLE OF T

FAMILY FLOUR WE HAVE IN STORE FOR FAMILY USE—
100 bbls G. W. Smith's XXX family Flour;
75 do Adriatte Mills, A No. 1 extra family Flour
50 do G. W. Smith's do do do;
50 do Otter Greek Mills, double extra do do;
50 do Pacific Mills
30 do Sack Flour.

DETROIT, Dec. 28.—Arthur Rankin, M. P. and Colonel of the Lancers, deeming further connection with the United States improper, in view of our present complicaimproper, in view of our present complica-tions with Eugland, has resigned his com-mission and will return to Canada.

cident. While in pursuit of the steamer that eventually escaped, two schooners have in sight. One was a small thing, laden with cordwood, and he paid no attention to it. The larger one, supposing from this that the steamer was a Confederate, quietly pursued her course, until very suddenly brought up all standing by a gun from the New London. When the latter ran alongside, the rebel Captain was very prolific with curses, and declared "it was not so much the losing of his schooner, but it was the durned mean Yankee trick that had been come on him, in letting the other schooner pass by." The one captured was laden with turpentine, and doubtless intended to have run the blockade.-Letter

from the Gulf. ANOTHER STRATEGIC COIL .- Cyrus W. Field, of Atlantic Telegraph fame, has addressed a letter to Gen. McClellan, recommending the laying of a submarine tele-graphic cable around the Southern coast, to connect our forts and military stations on the coast with the North, by way of New-port News, Fortress Monroe, Hatteras, Port Royal, Hilton Head, Tybee Island, Fernandiaa, Cedar Keys, Fort Pickens, Ship Island, to Galveston, Texas.
Gen. McClellan fully concurs, and earn-

estly urges that the plan be adopted by the Government, and that Mr. Field be authorized to have it carried into execution.

RETIRED .- Mr. Cummings, it is stated, has dissolved his connection with the N. Y. World, and is about to visit Europe to improve his impaired health—and we rather think his damaged reputation also. There can be no doubt from the evidence given before the investigating committee, that the latter needs rejuvinating, and that his con-nection with the expenditures of the Gov-ernment affords him means to try the experiment of an European tour.

Poor "LITTLE SING."-The following advertisement from the London Times, will enlist the sympathies of all its readers in the unhappiness of "Little Sing." What must have been the emotions of the "Dear Old Monster," as his eye fell upon it-relieved, however, to a certain extent, by the assurance that "Horse is well:" DEAR OLD MONSTER-Little Sing is very unhappy. Horse is well.

A WAGGISH CAPTAIN .- The Captain of the American ship Montmorency, which was overhauled by the Sumpter, ransomed his, vessel by giving a bond for \$20,000 "payable to the President of the Southern Con-federacy, thirty days after peace is declared." It reminds us of the traveler, stopped by a highwayman, who told the thief he had no money, but would give his note for thirty days.

CHEAP LIVING .- The Muscatine Jeurnal presumptive evidence that peaceable relations will be gives the following price list of provisions continued with that country. But this news was re- in that city: Tenderloins, four cents; sausage meat, three cents; shoulders, three cents; ribs, with meat on, three cents. The following is written as a notice on

a car running on a railroad in the northern part of New York—"Passengers are requested not to get off the cars to snow ball while the train is under full headway. Some one speaks of November and December as being rightly named, since they are indeed the embers of the dying

The rebels talk of widening Cumberland Gap so that Humphrey Marshall can conveniently get through it.

CHRISTMAS -AT THE-

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT. Ing the week ending to-day, have been rather small, and they were selling nearly as fast as they came in; prices unchanged. The market was tolerably well supported by the market was tolerably well as th

> FINE SHREWSBURY OYSTERS. ALSO, EAST RIVER, and PRINCE BAY'S, in the shell, extra GROUSE. QUAILS. WILD TURKEYS. VENISON

BEAR MEAT, And all the other LUXURIES of the season, especial received for the HOLIDAYS, which will be served up A BOWL OF EGGNOG will always be on hand Families can be supplied with EGGNOG at any FINE DINNERS, SUPPERS, &c., will be fur

> A FINE LUNCH, C. C. REUFER.

ANDERSON, DUNIHUE & (O., 530 MAIN STREET.

HAVE FOR SALE A LARGE AND DESIRABLE

SILK GOODS, FANCY GOODS,

AND NOTIONS,

AT LOW PRICES. For Cash Only! Until January 1, 1862.

MILLINERYS FOR CASH ONLY Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE

is now opening a fresh stock of seasonable Paris Millinery Embracing all articles in this line, which she will sell a wholesale or retail, at very low rates for cash only. Orders promptly and faithfully filled. Mrs. J. A. BEATTIE, se24 dtf 100 FOURTH ST., LOUISVILLE, KV.

CARPETS CURTAIN MATERIAL Shades, Cornices, Bands, MARSEILLES SPREADS, LINEN GOODS, DRUGGETS,

WITH EVERY VARIETY OF HOUSE FURNIS ings, all of LATE IMPORTATIONS, wh FOR CASH ONLY! HITE & SMALL, Main street, between Third and Fourth Third door west of Bank of Louisv

EDWARD STOKES 445 CORNER MAIN AND FIFTH STREETS
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY.
IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN SADDLERY HARD
ware, Harness Mountings, Trunks, and Osach Trim I am now receiving my Fall Stock, which will be

am now receiving my rail stock, which will be tach handsomest and best selected stock of Goods in my lite that has ever before been imported in this market, would invite my old customers, and the traile generatify, to call and examine my stock, which I am determined to sell at prices that cannot fail to secure me the best trade that comes to tone market. My stock embraces the following articles:

Saddle Trees;

Bridie Leathers;

Harness do;

Harness do;

Harness do;

Alse, keeps constantly on hand a general assortment if addies, Bridles, Harness, and Trunks.

N. B. All orders promptly attended to at the shortest otice.

Looking-Glasses. Portrait & Picture Frames

C. S. COOPER, No. 319 Third Street, between Market and

Jefferson, east side. RTMENT CONSTANTLY ON HAND OF nestness Cards, dc., dc.

Parties in want of such would do well to call before probasing elsewhere.

J. H. CUTTER & CO.,

Sewing Machine!

Warranted the Best in the Market. ELLAS HOWE JR., & S. H. ROPER'S COMBINED PATENTS. t-Line Movements, Original Transverse Shuttle, and Periphery Clamp Feed-Wheel. TERSE SEWING MACHINES COMBINE THE most recent improvements, are nearly noiseless when in operation, run with the greatest case and rapidity, and are better adapted for general purposes and iamily use than any other. They are not liable to get out of order, are exceedingly simple, and are made expressly for real practical utility; they do every variety of sawing, from the finest woven tissue to the heaviest woolen goods, both tailoring and fine leather work. Any person may learn to operate them in a very short time. The great difficulty with all other old-style Machines is too much complication, requiring so much constant adjustment, and species of the constant and the

The great difficulty with all other old-style Machines is too much complication, requiring so much constant adjustment, and such an amount of mechanical skill and ingenuity to use them to advantage, as to render them of little comparative value. But the Sewing Machines manufactured by Greenman & True are not liable to those objections, as any person, on even a moment's examination, will readily discover. They will do more and better work than any other Machine ever offered to the public, making the most beautiful lock-stitch, alike on both sides. Send for an off-hand specimen of sewing upon any material you wish, and you will then see how it is done. AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN Please address or call on T. JOHNSTON. MAIN STREET, TWO DOORS ABOVE THIRD

At J. J. Hirschbuhl's Jewelry Store. GAY'S CHINA PALACE, FOURTH AND GREEN STS. NEW ERA IN THE

China, Glass and Queensware Unina, 61388 and Queensware

B U S I N E S S !!

I HAVE JUST OPENED, UNDER THE MASONIO TEMPLE, with a very large and entrely new stock of very rich China, Glass and
Queensware, rich Bohemian Glassware, Table
Outlery Silver-Plated Ware, Waiters, Britannia Ware,
ooking-Glasses, Wooden and Willowware. Also, a
arge and complete stock of Gas Fixtures, Chandellers
Bracking, Partables, Pillar Lights, etc. I am? repared
to run Gas and Steam Pipe, and to Regild and Bronze
lamps and Chandellers, at a small expense, and warant them as good as new.

I am determined to keep such a stock and to offer
uch inducements as wiscure a liberal share of pubcpatronage.

[8 dtf] GEORGE GAY.

INFORMATION WANTED Of the following Pensioners in Kentucky,
INVALLO'S PENSIONS.
CHARLES W. ABBOTT, LATEN ALSOP, THOMAS
BRYAN, Thomas A. Ireland, William Bussell, died
July 26, 1850.

U BRYAN, Thomas A Ireland, William Eussell, died July 26, 1850.

Wm. Boad, Joel Johnson, Witherill Lattimer, John G. Morpier, Andrew Easker, Thomas Poor, Thomas impson Christopher Strong, John Taylor, Jaseph Walker, Wm. Williamson, Harris Ryan.

HALP-PAY PENSIONS.

Ann Bruper, widew of Henry: Ellen Clever, widow of Hiram: Elleabeth Ellingten, widow of Paniel; Patsy Flora, formerly widow of Wim. Ballard; Lucy Ferd, widow of James; Karen Hood, widow of N. B.; children of James Feathergill; Jane S. Kennedy, widow of Thomas; Mary Lyon, widow of William; Nancy Madden, widow of Jos.; Lavina Mitter or Miller, widow of John P. Phebe Morgan, widow o i William; children of Harrison K. Robinson; child of Zacharlah Smith; Zerlida Whitawidow of Joshua; Sarah Ward, widow of Jonnathan; Ellen Meek, widow of James; Peggy Anderson, widow of William; Margaret Amison, widow of Samuel; famil of Basil Williams, of Regular Army, War 1812, enitsted at Sheibyvilla, Ky. Address

Rounty Lava and Bendon Piston Acaret. Bounty Land and Bension Claim Agent,
West side Floyd, between Market and Jefferson streets
Louisville, Ky., (Box 605 of P. O.,) who can furnisi
innortant information in each case.

Coal Oil and Lamps. Coal Oil and Lamps. Coal Oil and Lamps. COAL Off. LUNAR OIL, LAND JIL, AND FLUID LAMPS of every style and embracing all the latest improvements, toget er with all the BURNING OILS and BURNING FLUID of the best quality, for sale wholesale and retail very low. We are exclusive agents for this city for the sale of the Breckintidge Coal Oil (the best made), and for Lunar Oil and Lamps; also, for the sale of Rights for the Lunar Light. Who would turn candles when a light equal to live or six candles can be had at naif the cost of one candle? Lunar and Coal Oil Igmps are just as safe as candles.

15 Foosih st., sear National Hotel.

DRY GOODS HAVING DETERMINED TO MAKE A CHANGE in our business on or before the first day of Janu-ary next, we will offer from this day, our large and well assorted stock of FANCY DRY GOODS

At GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Many article sold FAR BELOW COST OF IMPORTATION

GREAT BARGAINS

MARH & DOWNS, WATER WORKS. THOS. WILLIAMS & CO., North side of Market, bet. Third & Fourth,
HAVE PREPARED TO INTRODUCE WATER INTO
Dwellings. Stores, Factories, etc., in connection
with the Louisville Water Co., on reasonaale terms.
Having had a long experience in the business, we
gnarantée ail of gnr work to be done in a proper man
ner.

 $x^{x}_{x}^{x}_{x}$ WE HAVE RECEIVED, BY LATE CONSIGNMENT

PITTSBURG ALE!

guarantee ail of one work to be done in a proper man net. Water Glosets, Wash Basins, Lathing Apparatus, Sinks and everything in he Plumbing line, turnished and put m.

Brewed expr-ssly for FALL AND WINTER USE, which we are able to dispose of at prices to suit the times, in barrels, half-barrels, and kegs, or bottled for family use. This Ale is highly recommended by physicians for medicinal purposes. Being the sole agents in Louisville for the celebrated Brewers Rhodes & Verner, and A. Woods, Pittsburg We can confidently recommend our stock of ALE and PURTER to the public artipopare. LUPE & EVANS, Crystal Palace, LUBE & EVANS, Crystal Palace, noll d&wly Corner of Pitth and Jefferson streets, Louisville, Ky. NEW STOCK OF

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENSWARE

JUST RECEIVED PROM EUROPE, another new and large stock of French China Tea, Dinner and Toilet Ware; Bohemian Gigsswarere, of every description; also, log crates assorted best white Stonewarea n common Goods, American and Beigtan Glassware, Britannia and Bilverpiated Ware, common and Ivory Cutlery, Watters, Lamps, Girandoles, &c., &c., which we will sell to the Trade, Families, Hotels, Steamboats. &c., at lower prices than elsewhere in this etty.

A JAEGER & CO., my24 Nos. 119 and 121 Fourth streat. Mozart Hall. Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF G. BLANCHARD & SON WAS DISuoived on the 16th of November last, by the death of
Mr. George Blanchard. The undersigned, surviving
partuer, will settle the affairs of the late firm, and will
continue the business at the old stand, under the name
of G. BLANCHARD & SON, as heretofore.

Louivaille, January 1, 1860. TAX COLLECTORS' SALE. TAX CULLECTURS' SALE.

W.E. AS CITY, RAILROAD, AND WATER TAX
Collectors for the Eastern District for the year
1861, will expose for sale, at public auction, before the
Courthouse door, in the city of Louisville, the following
described personal property of Hester Wizoskie, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M.,
JANUAKY 18, 1861, to satisfy the City and Railroad
Taxes, and costs of sale, due by said Wizoski, for the
year 1861. Terms cash:

Tyo Divans; 6 So'a Chairs; 1 Arm Chair; 1 small Stand
Table; 1 Landscape Picture, 3 Window Sh des; 2 Carpets and Rug; 1 Giobe Lam; 1 806; 1 Mangam Sideboard, 1 small Table; 1 Mantle Clock; 1 Castor; 6 Glass
Goblets; 6 Jefy Glassess; 4 Preserve Stands; 1 Cannon
Stove; 2 Lookingglasses; 1 Stand Table with leaves; 1
Wainut Washerand; 1 Lounge and Mattrees, and 1 Th
Sale.

T. T. SUMMERS, City Tax Col., E. D. G. T. MAY, R.R. & Water Tax Col., E. D. ALLEN A. HALL. (OF NASHVILLE, TENN.)
WILL ATTEND TO BUSINESS OF EVERY KIND which requires to be transacted before any Department of the Government. He wil give special attention to cases in which property or modes have been selzed under the late act of Congress.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT JUST RECEIVED, OF Hyaciaths, Tulips, Narcissus, and Crocus, for sale by de22 data. 2 NEGRO MEN-GOOD FIELD HANT 8; 1 n-gro Boy, 16 years old-good field hat 2 negro Boys, 18 years old-good porto 3 negro Women—good ccoks. For particulars apply to

Bulbous Roots.

del7 dtf South side Main, bet. First and Second s SADDLERY. JAMES TREASY SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, OOLLARS, &c., wholesale and retail. OORNER OTH AND MARKET STS, LOUISVILLIR, KV.

PINE BOURBON WHISHIES BECOND STREET
BETWEEN MAIN AND MARKET,
10118111.3

Mrs. MARY LORTON......LESSEE.
Mr. J. M. DAWSON.....STAGE MANAGER.
Mr. THOS. J. CAREY......TREASURER.

First night of the Grand Spectacular Fairy Play of the FAIRY AND THE DEMON.

MADAME ANNA BISHOP.

CLOSING CATALOGUE SALE, BY L. KAHN & CO.

BY C. C. SPENCER. SUGAR-CURED HAMS, LOAF SUGAR, MACKEREL,

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE,

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS 300 CASES AND CARTOONS.

For Owensboro, Evansville and Henderson. The splendid swift running passenger steamer

The splendid passenger steamer
BIGGKEY EAGLE,
Master, will leave Louisville for the
above points every Monday and Friday at 5 P. M.
For freight or passage and by on board.

day and Friday.

Prompt and strict attention paid to the interests of the trade. OF CHANGE OF TIME! TO CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE

H. Ferguson & Son, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

G. J. HARE, C. C. HARE, R. MILLS.

DAVID FERGUSON

The Official Correspondence on the Subject, Between Secretary Seward and Minister Adams --- Russell to Lyons!

THE BRITISH DEMAND SENT IN

BRAZIL FAVORS THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

Conoral Scott Sends a Letter to Seward!

IN CASE OF WAR, FRANCE WILL BE NEUTRAL! (?)

Lord Lyons at Seward's Dinner Party!

Marican Affairs-Miramon to Assist Spain in Establishing a Monarchy!

LIEUT. HURD A HUMBUG!

Union Feeling in Richmond!

New York, Dec. 28 —The Tribune's special says that Lord Lyons has sent in the British demand for the surrender of Mason and Slidell. Time was given to Secretary Seward to reply.

Minister Webb represents sympathy in

that country as strongly in favor of the Federal Government.
The World's special says that Gen. Scott has sent a communication to Secretary

Seward, but its contents are unknown. It is now settled beyond a doubt that in case of a war between the United States and England, France will remain neutral, with a leaning towards England.

Both Lord Lyons and Secretary Seward received dispatches per the Arago.

The Auditor of Massachusetts has presented a bill of \$3 200,000, of which \$1,-

\$00,000 will be paid now.

The Times' dispatch states that Secretary Seward gave a dinner party on Friday evening, at which were present Lord Lyons and the House and Senate Committees on Fed-

Minister Corwin has made no treaty with Mexico, and the Times' special states that of the old Church party to co-operate with the Spanish invaders to establish a pro-visional government, General Miramon to

coran from Charleston, is believed to be a big humbug.

Congressman Ely brings a list of 2,700

recognition by England and France, if those hopes ceased, the insurrection would perish in ninety days. He repeats in the same note, the fact of the arrest of Slidell by the two Governments, if possible, in a story.

Lord Lyons had said nething on the sub-Minister Adams, it being deemed prudent that the ground taken by the British government should first be made known here and discussion be had here; but Secretary had been specially decided. He trusts the British government will consider the sub-

would advance upon that place from three points. The Southern Rights citizens there re sending their families and stock to the

A banking house, a branch of the Northern Bank of Kentucky, was taken possession of by the rebels on the 24th. Only \$7,000 in Kentucky bills were found.

John G. Davis, a member of the Federal Congress from the 7th district of Indiana, had arrived at Hopkinsville, on his way to

A force of not less than sixty thousand men, in advance of Gen. Buell's army, has crossed Green river, and is within five miles

of Gen. Hindman's advance.

Great preparations had been made for the defense of Bewling Green. Everything shows a terrible conflict to be impending. ST Louis, Dec 28 .- The legal condition

shows a terrible conflict to be impending.

St Louis, Dec 28.—The legal condition of the negroes discharged yesterday by the order of the Provost Marshal General is in ne wise changed. They are only freed from confinement, and solely on the presumption that they are slaves. Gen. Halleck says the order will not debar any one from enforcing his legal rights to the services of those negroes. Such rights, if any exist, can be enforced through the loyal civil trisbunals of the State, whose mandates will always be duly respected by the military authorities of this Department. Military officers cannot decide upon the rights of property or claims to service, except so far as may be authorized by the laws of war or acts of Congress. When not so authorized they will avoid all interference with such questions.

The Rumors of War.—The cry of war rings throughout the land. At the cerner of every street you hear excited discussions as to the Mason and Slidell outrage, the next news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the news from England, the erection of forts, and th

as to the Mason and Slidell outrage, the next news from England, the eregion of forts, and the probabilities of "a fight with the

Americans." The Globe says that this feeling is stimulated by the present ministry of the colony, who are represented to be tottering from

power, and can only save themselves by "well got up cry of war." It continues:
The Canadian people do not desire war with the United States. On the contrary, and notwithstanding the hot feeling now arising, a war with the Americans would be regarded with horror by the great mass of the community. Both countries have been peopled by the same races; we speak the same language; we are connected by mutu-ally profitable traffic; by local interests, and by many agreeable social ties. But should war break out between the mother country and the republic all these bonds will be torn asunder, and promptly, vigorously, cordially will our people rally round the standard of the empire.

FROM KANSAS .- A correspondent of the St. Louis Republican writes:

LEAVENWORTH, December 21. There is a report in circulation that when Gen. Lane went to Washington he took with General Miramon is now on his way from him a recommendation from Major General New York to Mexico to gather the fragments Hunter, urging the war department to apbe at the head, and subsequently to erect a to be relieved in order to get into Kentucky Spanish monarchy.

The Times special says that Lieutenant
Hurd, of the 2d Maine regiment, who re
ported the escape of himself and Col. Corfeels this position beneath him, where there is no enemy in force to oppose him, and no fighting to be done. A force is necessary to keep down disturbances, but the Command-

"it is all right;" another that the difference is the commission allowed to him: he tells a third that he has a contract to deliver at Cairo a certain quantity of lumber at a fixed and Mason by Capt. Wilkes as a new and unforeseen circumstance, which is to be met his profits. To another he tells some other price, and that the difference between the

We noticed in our last that in the ject, and no explanations were furnished election of the field officers of Col. Grigsby's Seward deemed it proper to state that Capt .. Smith is a most gallant officer and trueheart-Wilkes acted without instructions, and the ed gentleman, and will discharge the duties subject therefore is free from embarrass- of his new position with equal fidelity and ments which might have ensued if the act ability. The officers of the regiment are L B. Grigsby, Colonel; J. Smith Hurt, Lieut. Colonel, and W. Halley Smith, Major.

BRAY

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMA' 10N HAS BEEN FILED

District of Kentucky, on the little day of Pegember, 1-61,
by James Harian, Esq. Autorney of the United Laters for the
District of Kentucky, on the little day of Pegember, 1-61,
by James Harian, Esq. Autorney of the United States,
for the Di trict of Kentucky, in behalf of the United
States, against sixteen pigs of slock fin, contained
in packages or bundles, marked P. D. C., and numbered
100 and fol, alleging in sub-tance that Charles B Cotton,
Surveyor of the pert of Louisville, in said District, oid,
on the 19th day of September, 1861, serze said pigs
of block tin as forfeited to the use of the United States;
that said pigs of block tin were shipped from the
city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 19th
day of September, 1831, to the State of Tennessee, in
violation of the act of Congress and the Proclamation of
the President of the United States interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said State
and the citizens of other tates and orts of the United
States; and that said pigs of Llock tin became thereby
forfeited to the use of the United States and a praying that
the same may be condemmed as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the
seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I
do hereby give public notice to all claiming the said
pigs of block tin, or la any manner interested therein,
that they be and appear before the said D strict Court,
to be held in Lo-lisville, at Federal Court Hall, in ani
for said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862,
then and there to Interposit their claims, and to make
their allegations in that behalf www. THER. Deputy,
for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

del7 dl4

for A. H. SNEED. U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

DISTRICT OF KE TUCKY. S.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

in the District Court of the United States, for the
District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1851,
by James Harlan, Esq. Attorney of the United States,
ior the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United
States, against one brown hores, aleging in substance
that charles B. Cotton, surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said District, did, en the 25th day of August,
1861, seize said brown horse, with one eye, long tail, 7
years old, 15 hands 15 inches high, as forfeited to the
use of the United States; that said horse was shipped
from the city and port of Louisyville, in said District, on
the said 25th day of August, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress and the Proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens
of said State and the citizens of the other States and
ports of the United State; and that said horse became
thereby forfeited to the use of the United States, and
praying that the same be condemned as forielted as
aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under

praying that the same be condemned as forieited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the scal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said horse, or in any monor interester in him, that ther be and appear before the said Listrict Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for the said bi-trict of Kentucky, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in that behalf.

del7 did for A. H. SNEKEL, U. S. M., K. D.

LINITED STAT STATE AMERICA.

Prisoners. He states that there is no doubt of an excended and deep Union feeling in Richmond, and that if the national army were within ten miles of Richmond, our old flag would be hung out from hundreds of windows; but at present there is a perfect reign of terror.

Washington, Dec. 28.—Messrs. Mason and Sidel have been given up to England. The official correspondence between our Government and Great Britain relative to the seizure of the traitors, Mason and Sidell, is received. The first is a letter from Secretary Seward to Minister Adams, dated November 80, in which he compliments the Later for wisely speaking and acting at the Lord Mayor's dianer, and also states that he told Lord Palmerston simply the fact when informing him that the life of the invariant of the server of the states of doing business, he tells one was sustained by the hopes of its.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, for A. H SNEED, U. S. M. K. D. W. A. MERIWETHER, Defuty, for A. H. S. P. E. D. U. S. M. K. D. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED in the District Ocurt of the United States, for the District of Kentuck, on the 11th day of December, 1801, by James Harlay, Esq., Attorney of the United States, for the District of Kentucky, in behalf of the United States, against eight packages indigo, twenty-eight bottle-stodine potash and four pair saidle bankets, alleging in cubstance that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in said District, did, on the 18th day of September, 1861, serze said articles as forfeited to the use of the United States; that sail article-were shipped from the city and port of Louisville, in said District, on the 18th day of September, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress and the Proclamation of the President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said State and the citizens of other States and ports of the United States, and that said articles became thereby forfeited to the use of the United States, and praying that the same may be condemued as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said court to me directed and delivered.

DISTRICT OF RENTUCKY, J.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
In the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 186,
by James Harian, Evg., Att racey of the United States
for said District, in b half of the United States, again of
two boxes, numbered 62, 63, 64, 65 and 69, and contents.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, } 88: UNITED STATES OF AMKRICA,
DISTRICT OF KENTUCKT,

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
In the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861,
by James Harian, Esq., Attorney of the United States
for said District, in behalf as well of the United States
as of William Woods, william G. Woods, bavid Woods,
Matthew Woods, Thomas Woeds, and Price Grubb,
against nine trunks, and articles contained in trunks,
numbered 39, 4r, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46 and 47, alleging in
substance that Charles B. Cetton, Eureyor of the port
of Louisville, in sa d District, dd, on the 20th day of September, 18-61, seize-aid trunks and contents as forfeited
to the use of the United States—that said trunks and
contents were shipped from the city and port of Louis-

w. A. MERIUE. HER, Deputy for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, 2st District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1851, by James Harlan, 88q., Attorney of the United States, or the District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1851, by James Harlan, 88q., Attorney of the United States, or the District of Kentucky, on the 11th day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, 88q., attorney of the United States, against four pigs of block tin, al eging in substance that Charles & Cotton, Surveyor or the port of Louisville, in said District, did, on the 23th day of August, 1861, selze said tin as foreited to the use of the United States; that said tin was shipped from the United States; that said tin was shipped from the United States, that said tin was shipped from the United States, and principle of the United States, and praying that the same may be condemned as forfeited as aforess d.

Now, therefore, to pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Gourt, to me directed and delivered. I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said tin, or in any manner interested therein, that they be said spear before the said District Court, to be be be did to Louisville, at Federal Court, Hall, in and Jor said District, on the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their calms and make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, del7 dl4 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED to the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their calms and make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, del7 dl4 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED to the first Monday in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their calms, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Deputy, del7 dl4 for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M., K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENUCEXT, SEED LONG KENUCEXT, SEED LONG KENUCEXT, SEED L

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. DISTRICT OF KENTUCET. SS: WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED In the District of Kentucky, on the lith day of December, 1861, by James Harlan, 1884, Alterney of the United States for said District, in behalf of the United States acainst thirteen pieces of flannel and other articles, contained in packages or bundles, numbered 38, 141, 142 and 143, all ging in substance, that Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of rousylie, in said District, did, on the 11th day of September, 1861, seize said packages or bundles as forfeited to the use of the United States—that said packages or bundles were shipped from the city and port of Louisylie, in said District, of the 11th day of September, 1861, seize said packages or bundles were shipped from the city and port of Louisylie, in said District, or the 11th day of September, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation of the act of Congress and the Proclamation of the President of the United States, interacting all geometric intercourse between the citizens of said State and the citizens of other States and ports of the United States—and praying that the same may be condemned as forfeited, as aioresaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the minition under the said osaid Court, to me directed and dedveres, I do hereby give public natice to all persons claiming the said packages or bundles be all persons claiming the said packages or bundles, or In any man-er incees ed theren, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in Louisvile, at Federal Court Hall, in and for said District, on the first Monday of January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIWETHER, Dep., d144 d14 WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SE. WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BREN FILED GONDUCTED ON THE PLAN OF THE HOSPITA DES VENERIENS, PARIS, be condemned as forietted as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said court, to me directed and activered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said powder, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held in Louisville, at Federal Court Hall, in and for the said District, on the first Mondav in January, 1862, then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.

W. A. MERIUMETHER, Dep., for A. H. SNEED, U. S. M. K. D.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DISTRICT OF KENTUCKY, SS: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
DISTRICT OF KENTUKY, SST.

WHEREAS, AN INFORMATION HAS BEEN FILED
in the District Court of the United States for the
District of Kenucky, on the 11th day of becember, 1861,
by James Harian, 1884, Attorney for the United States,
in behalf of the United States against two hundred and
three yards white negro blankets and other articles contained in bundles, boxes or packages, numbered 33, 54,
102, 103, 104, 103 and 126, elleging, in substance, that
Charles B. Cotton, Surveyor of the port of Louisville, in
said District, did, on the 20th day of September, 1861,
seize said articles as forfelted to the use of the United
States; that said articles were shipped from the city and
port of Louisville, in said District, on the 20th day of
September, 1861, to the State of Tennessee, in violation
of the act of Congress and of the proclamation of the
President of the United States, interdicting all commercial intercourse between the citizens of said State
and the citizens of other states and ports of said State
and the citizens of other states and ports of the United
States, and that said articles became, thereby, forfeited
to the use of the United States—an 1 praying that the
same may be condemned as forfeited as aforesaid.

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under

MEDICAL.

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA

Ayer's Ague Cure FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

THE SPEEDY CURE OF INTERMITTENT FEVER OF FEVER AND AGUE, REMITTENT FEVER, CHILL FEVER, DUMB AGUE, PERIODICAL HEADACHE OR BILIOUS HEADACHE, AND BILIOUS FEVERS—INDEED, FOR THE WHOLE CLASS OF DISEASES ORIGINATING IN BILIARY DERANGEMENT, CAUSED BY THE MALARIA OF MIASMATIC COUNTRIES.

BY THE MALARIA OF MIASMATIC COUNTRIES.

WEARE ENABLED HERE TO OFFER THE COMmunity a remedy which, while it cures the above WE ARE ENABLED HERE TO OFFER THE COM-

WE ARE ENABLED HERE TO OFFER THE COMmunity a remedy which, while it cures the above complaints with certainty, is still perfectly harmless in any quantity. Such a remedy is invaluacie in districts where these afflicting disorders prevail. This "Cure" expels the miasmatic poison of FEVER and AGUE from the system, and prevents the development of the drease, if teken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms. It is not only the best remedy everyet discovered for this class of complaints, but also the cheapest. The large quantity we supply for a dollar brings it within the reach of everybody; and in billious districts, where Fever and Ague prevails, everybody should have it and use it freely both for cure and protection. It is hoped this price will place it within the reach of all—the poor as well as the rich. A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain sure of Intermittents is that it contains no quinism or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as it they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as it they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from the bound of the produces and Derangement of the Stomach, Painful Affection of the Epieen. Rysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the stomach, All of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the pulson from the blood, and, consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons traveling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be ex-

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and Constitutional Syphilis. Disease
of the Kitheys, etc.

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cheerfulness to the mind.
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are suffering from any of the above fearful maledies, can
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CAPT. JNO. KEURFISS.

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ville, as follows:

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Cwstle Junction with T. & R. Railroad East and West,
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and at Michigan City for Chicago and Detroit. 9:00 P. M. ST. LeUIS NIGHT EXPRESS (daily), reaching ST. LOUIS at 10:50 A. M. and CINCINNATI at 6:00 A. M. This Train runs to Mitchell only. RETURNING—Leave St. I outs at 7:00 A. M. and 5:0
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